

[North Central Nebraska Juvenile Services]

Comprehensive Juvenile Services

Community Plan

July 1, 2021 – June 30, 2025

[Holt, Boyd, Brown, and Wheeler Counties]

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Introduction

HOLT COUNTY

Holt County is the larger county of the three, both in terms of size and population. Holt County encompasses 2,413 square miles and the county seat of O'Neill, the population 4,887 is the major commercial center of the county. The other towns in the county are Atkinson (2,212), Stuart (590), Ewing (387), and Chambers (268). The county is bordered by 8 other rural counties. The county is traversed northwest and southeast by State Highway 20 and 275. State Highway 281 divides the county going north and south. Highway 11 runs north and south through Atkinson. Highway 95 connects 281 and 11 on the south side of the county.

*Source: U.S. Census 2010

BOYD COUNTY

Boyd County is an exclusively rural county of an estimated 1,982 residents and encompasses 544 square miles, its county seat is Butte. There are 3 communities in Boyd County. These are Spencer (455), Butte (326) and Lynch (245). The Niobrara River runs through the southern part of the county, west to east, separating it from Holt County. State highway 281 divides the county going north and south through Spencer. Highway 11 runs north and south through Butte.

*Source: U.S. Census 2010

BROWN COUNTY

Brown County is also an exclusively rural county with an estimated population of 3,145 as of the 2010 US Census encompasses 1,225 square miles. Its county seat is Ainsworth(1,728). The other towns in the county are Long Pine(305) and Johnstown(64). The Niobrara River borders the north part of the county, separating it from Keya Paha County. State Highway 20 runs east and west through the county. Highway 7 runs south and highway 183 runs north.

*Source: U.S. Census 2010

WHEELER COUNTY

Wheeler County is also an exclusively rural county and an extremely low populated county with an estimated population of 818. Its county seat is Bartlett. The only other town in this county is Ericson. State Highway 281 divides the county going north and south.

*Source: U.S. Census 2010

Data Summary

Holt County

Youth Level

- Holt County has higher than state averages of youth who qualify for free/reduced lunch, a little less ½ of the students in the last two years.
- Graduation rates are very high for Holt County the last 5 years.
- More 12th grade youth report losing sleep from worry compared to the state.
- More 10th and 12th graders report higher rates of use of alcohol, tobacco, and vaping compared to the state; 10th graders also report higher rates of binge drinking.
- 6.7% of 12th graders report gang involvement.
- Arrest rates have gone down for all age groups in Holt County..
- Law enforcement data by race and ethnicity would be very beneficial to have a clearer picture of RED. Compared to the overall population of Holt County, Hispanic youth are overrepresented in all system points except for having multiple charges filed and probation underrides.
- Once referred, youth of all race/ethnicity are enrolling and successfully completing diversion at the rate to which they were referred.

Family Level

- Holt County has a higher rate of extreme poverty compared to the state
- Number of people with bachelor's degrees is lower compared to the state; this could be a result of residents going to college in a different community and not returning to Holt County.
- The number of youths with access to computers is higher than the state average, but access to internet is lower.
- 8th and 10th graders report feeling less supported by adults at home compared to the state.
 - All grades report higher rates of support from adults at school compared to the state.
- ¾ of abuse/neglect cases are unfounded.

- Youth perceptions of community attitudes on alcohol use is lower than the state for all grades; 10th and 12th graders also report lower perceptions of community attitudes on alcohol and cigarettes.

Community Level

- Youth perceptions of community attitudes on alcohol use is lower than the state for all grades; 10th and 12th graders also report lower perceptions of community attitudes on alcohol and cigarettes.
- Juvenile record sealing is not “automatic” even if statute requires it to seal. Sealing a record requires administrative staff to initiate the process. Dismissed or dropped cases should be sealed at a rate of 100%. All others should be sealed at the rate to which youth successfully complete their court requirements (completion of diversion, probation, restorative practice, or other treatment).
- Data for race and ethnicity at each juvenile justice system point is imperative for an accurate Racial and Ethnic Disparities (RED) analysis. The court trial database (JUSTICE) has a high rate of missing data by race/ethnicity in this county.

Policy, Legal and System Level

- This county is not a county required to provide counsel under statute; however, access to counsel is similar to the state average, but still lower than ideal.
- With respect to diversion practices, the community may want to consider a few things:
- Allowing warning letters for the lowest risk youth
- It is not clear why all first-time offenders are not referred to diversion but perhaps this is due to the ineligible offenses.

Community Team Level

- The community team should be representative of the population of that community but should also include diversity. It might be beneficial to add diverse member to your team (especially because of the patterns of over and under representation.)
- This pertains to gender as well as race/ethnicity.
- On the survey –no probation, law enforcement, attorneys, treatment providers, child welfare, or elected officials in your team–but perhaps they did not respond to the survey.
- The number of people on the team the survey was sent to is small, so you may want to consider growing the team to include other system points.
- 1/3 of people who responded indicated they do not feel heard on the team.

Boyd County

Youth level

- Boyd County has higher than state averages of youth who qualify for free/reduced lunch, a little more than ½ of the students in the last five years.
- Graduation rates are very high for Boyd County the last 5 years.
- There is no arrest data for Boyd County as it was not reported to the NCC
- This community has not participated in the NRPFS since 2010 and should consider participating in the next survey year (2020) to get youth-level data on mental health, gangs, supportive adults and community perceptions of substance use.

Family level

- Boyd County has a higher rate of extreme poverty compared to the state
- The number of youths with access to computers is higher than the state average and access to internet is higher.
- This community has not participated in the NRPFS since 2010 and should consider participating in the next survey year (2020) to get youth-level data on mental health, gangs, supportive adults and community perceptions of substance use.
- ¾ of abuse/neglect cases are unfounded.

Community Level

- Data for race and ethnicity at each juvenile justice system point is imperative for an accurate Racial and Ethnic Disparities (RED) analysis. The court trial database (JUSTICE) has a high rate of missing data by race/ethnicity in this county.

Policy, Legal and System Level

- With respect to diversion practices, the community may want to consider a few things:
- Allowing warning letters for the lowest risk youth
- It is not clear why all first-time offenders are not referred to diversion but perhaps this is due to the ineligible offenses.

Community Team Level

- The community team should be representative of the population of that community but should also include diversity. It might be beneficial to add diverse member to your team (especially because of the patterns of over and under representation.)
- This pertains to gender as well as race/ethnicity.
- On the survey –no probation, law enforcement, attorneys, treatment providers, child welfare, or elected officials in your team—but perhaps they did not respond to the survey.
- The number of people on the team the survey was sent to is small, so you may want to consider growing the team to include other system points.
- 1/3 of people who responded indicated they do not feel heard on the team.

Brown County

Youth level

- Brown County has higher than state averages of youth who qualify for free/reduced lunch, a little less than ½ of the students in the last five years.
- Graduation rates are very high for Brown County the last 5 years.
- Arrest rates for all age groups has gone down the last two years.
- This community has not participated in the NRPFS since 2010 and should consider participating in the next survey year (2020) to get youth-level data on mental health, gangs, supportive adults and community perceptions of substance use.
- Law enforcement data by race and ethnicity would be very beneficial to have a clearer picture of RED. Compared to the overall population of Brown County, Native American youth are overrepresented at probation override, intake, and successful probation; Black youth are overrepresented at probation override and probation intake, and Hispanic youth are overrepresented at all diversion points.
- Race/ethnicity data is missing at the court system points for about 15% of cases.

Family level

- Boyd County has a higher rate of poverty compared to the state
- The number of youths with access to computers is higher than the state average as is access to internet.
- Almost ¾ of abuse/neglect cases are unfounded.

Community Level

- Juvenile record sealing is not “automatic” even if statute requires it to seal. Sealing a record requires administrative staff to initiate the process. Dismissed or dropped cases should be sealed at a rate of 100%. All others should be sealed at the rate to which youth successfully complete their court requirements (completion of diversion, probation, restorative practice, or other treatment). Yearly data is available in the Appendix to see if the rate has improved because of legislation, but newer cases should naturally have lower rates of sealing than older cases.
- Data for race and ethnicity at each juvenile justice system point is imperative for an accurate Racial and Ethnic Disparities (RED) analysis. The court trial database (JUSTICE) has a high rate of missing data by race/ethnicity in this county.

Policy, Legal and System Level

- This county is not a county required to provide counsel under statute; notably, access to counsel is very low in this community. With respect to diversion practices, the community may want to consider a few things:
- Allowing warning letters for the lowest risk youth
- It is not clear why all first-time offenders are not referred to diversion but perhaps this is due to the ineligible offenses.

Community Team Level

- The community team should be representative of the population of that community but should also include diversity. It might be beneficial to add diverse member to your team (especially because of the patterns of over and under representation.)
- This pertains to gender as well as race/ethnicity.
- On the survey –no probation, law enforcement, attorneys, treatment providers, child welfare, or elected officials in your team–but perhaps they did not respond to the survey.
- The number of people on the team the survey was sent to is small, so you may want to consider growing the team to include other system points.
- 1/3 of people who responded indicated they do not feel heard on the team.

Wheeler County

Youth Level

- Wheeler County has a higher than state average of youth who qualify for free/reduced lunch, a little more than half of the students in the last two years.
- Graduation rates are very high in Wheeler County.
- Arrest rates area very low.

Family Level

- Wheeler County has a slightly higher poverty rate compared to the state
- There were no domestic violence cases reported
- Reported child abuse cases are very low

Community Level

- Juvenile record sealing is not “automatic” even if statute requires it to seal. Sealing a record requires administrative staff to initiate the process. Dismissed or dropped cases

should be sealed at a rate of 100%. All others should be sealed at the rate to which youth successfully complete their court requirements (completion of diversion, probation, restorative practice, or other treatment). Yearly data is available in the Appendix to see if the rate has improved because of legislation, but newer cases should naturally have lower rates of sealing than older cases.

- Data for race and ethnicity at each juvenile justice system point is imperative for an accurate Racial and Ethnic Disparities (RED) analysis. The court trial database (JUSTICE) has a high rate of missing data by race/ethnicity in this county.

Policy, Legal and System Level

- There are no curfew and 3A, 3B, and 3C filings in court so the community is diverting appropriately or have few citations for these offenses.
- With respect to the diversion program that will become in effect, the community may want to consider a few things:
 - Not filing all unsuccessful cases, if the youth completed most of the diversion plan
 - Allow warning letters for the lowest risk youth
 - Comparing diversion fees to court costs so they are comparable.
 - Have a process for sealing records for youth on diversion with law enforcement and JCMS, as required by statute.

Community Team Level

- Wheeler County did not receive CBA funding in either 2019 or 2020 when the two Collective Impact surveys were completed, so there is no data available.

Comprehensive List of Services

| <p>SYSTEM POINT: PREVENTION</p> <p>(includes programs that aim to intervene before and after problematic behaviors are identified)</p> | | |
|---|----------------|-------------------------|
| Program/ Agency Name | Eligible age | Risk or need |
| | | |
| <i>Alcoholics Anonymous</i> | <i>Any age</i> | <i>Drug/alcohol use</i> |
| <i>Narcotics Anonymous</i> | <i>Any age</i> | <i>Drug/alcohol use</i> |

| | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|
| <i>Building Blocks for Community Enrichment</i> | <i>Foster children/families</i> | <i>Mental health disorders, Defiance of Authority, Previous Victimization</i> |
| <i>Nebraska Teammates</i> | <i>9-18</i> | <i>Mentoring and school support</i> |
| <i>Oasis Counseling International</i> | <i>Any age/families</i> | <i>Drug/Alcohol use, Learning disabilities, Anxiety/Depression, Mental health disorders, Antisocial attitudes, Sensation seeking, Defiance of authority, Lack of concern for others, Inappropriate use of time, Previous victimization, Lack of supervision, Lack of discipline, Low parental warmth, Parental hostility, Abusive parents, Parental substance use, Poor parental & early childhood health, Family violence</i> |
| <i>Heartland Counseling Services</i> | <i>Any age/families</i> | <i>Drug/Alcohol use, Learning disabilities, Anxiety/Depression, Mental health disorders, Antisocial attitudes, Sensation seeking, Defiance of authority, Lack of concern for others, Inappropriate use of time, Previous victimization, Lack of supervision, Lack of discipline, Low parental warmth, Parental hostility, Abusive parents, Parental substance use, Poor parental & early childhood health, Family violence</i> |
| <i>Bright Horizons</i> | <i>Adults</i> | <i>Family violence</i> |
| <i>Counseling & Enrichment Center</i> | <i>Any age/families</i> | <i>Drug/Alcohol use, Learning disabilities, Anxiety/Depression, Mental health disorders, Antisocial attitudes, Sensation seeking, Defiance of authority, Lack of concern for others, Inappropriate use of time, Previous victimization, Lack of supervision, Lack of discipline, Low parental warmth, Parental hostility, Abusive parents, Parental substance use, Poor parental & early childhood health, Family violence</i> |
| <i>Hampton Behavioral Health</i> | <i>Any age/families</i> | <i>Drug/Alcohol use, Learning disabilities, Anxiety/Depression, Mental health disorders, Antisocial attitudes, Sensation seeking, Defiance of authority, Lack of concern for others, Inappropriate use of time, Previous victimization, Lack of supervision, Lack of discipline, Low parental warmth, Parental hostility, Abusive parents, Parental substance use,</i> |

| | | |
|---|------------------------------------|--|
| | | <i>Poor parental & early childhood health, Family violence</i> |
| <i>Vocational Rehabilitation Services</i> | <i>16-Adults with disabilities</i> | <i>Life-skills/job readiness</i> |
| <i>Thoendel Learning Center</i> | <i>5-18</i> | <i>Learning disabilities</i> |
| <i>O'Neill Public Schools Developing Eagles- after school program</i> | <i>4-12</i> | <i>Lack of supervision, education, mentoring</i> |
| <i>Central Nebraska Community Action Partnership</i> | <i>Any age/families</i> | <i>Poor prenatal & early childhood health, Early childhood education</i> |
| <i>Boyd/Holt County Juvenile Services – Truancy Program</i> | <i>11-18</i> | <i>Truancy, Low Achievement, Low attachment</i> |

SYSTEM POINT: DIVERSION SERVICES
(diversion and services available to youth on diversion)

| Program/ Agency Name | Eligible age | Risk or need |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| <i>Diversion</i> | <i>11-18</i> | <i>Drug/Alcohol use, Learning disabilities, Anxiety/Depression, Mental health disorders, Antisocial attitudes, Sensation seeking, Defiance of authority, Lack of concern for others, Inappropriate use of time, Previous victimization, Life-skills, Truancy, Low Achievement, & Low attachment</i> |
| <i>Nebraska Teammates</i> | <i>9-18</i> | <i>Mentoring and school support</i> |
| <i>Alcoholics Anonymous</i> | <i>Any age</i> | <i>Drug/alcohol use</i> |
| <i>Narcotics Anonymous</i> | <i>Any age</i> | <i>Drug/alcohol use</i> |
| <i>Oasis Counseling International</i> | <i>Any age/families</i> | <i>Drug/Alcohol use, Learning disabilities, Anxiety/Depression, Mental health disorders, Antisocial attitudes, Sensation seeking, Defiance of authority, Lack of concern for others, Inappropriate use of time, Previous victimization, Lack of supervision, Lack of discipline, Low parental warmth, Parental hostility, Abusive parents, Parental substance use, Poor parental & early childhood health, Family violence</i> |
| <i>Heartland Counseling Services</i> | <i>Any age/families</i> | <i>Drug/Alcohol use, Learning disabilities, Anxiety/Depression, Mental health disorders, Antisocial attitudes, Sensation seeking, Defiance of authority, Lack of concern for others, Inappropriate use of time, Previous victimization, Lack of supervision, Lack of discipline, Low</i> |

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|--|------------------------------------|--|
| | | <i>parental warmth, Parental hostility, Abusive parents, Parental substance use, Poor parental & early childhood health, Family violence</i> |
| <i>Counseling & Enrichment Center</i> | <i>Any age/families</i> | <i>Drug/Alcohol use, Learning disabilities, Anxiety/Depression, Mental health disorders, Antisocial attitudes, Sensation seeking, Defiance of authority, Lack of concern for others, Inappropriate use of time, Previous victimization, Lack of supervision, Lack of discipline, Low parental warmth, Parental hostility, Abusive parents, Parental substance use, Poor parental & early childhood health, Family violence</i> |
| <i>Hampton Behavioral Health</i> | <i>Any age/families</i> | <i>Drug/Alcohol use, Learning disabilities, Anxiety/Depression, Mental health disorders, Antisocial attitudes, Sensation seeking, Defiance of authority, Lack of concern for others, Inappropriate use of time, Previous victimization, Lack of supervision, Lack of discipline, Low parental warmth, Parental hostility, Abusive parents, Parental substance use, Poor parental & early childhood health, Family violence</i> |
| <i>Vocational Rehabilitation Services</i> | <i>16-Adults with disabilities</i> | <i>Life-skills/job readiness</i> |
| <i>Thoendel Learning Center</i> | <i>5-18</i> | <i>Learning disabilities</i> |
| <i>Central Nebraska Community Action Partnership</i> | <i>Any age/families</i> | <i>Poor prenatal & early childhood health, Early childhood education</i> |
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KNOWN GAPS IN SERVICES

(include any programs that allow youth to remain in the community after any contact with law enforcement)

| Program/ Agency Name | Eligible age | Risk or need |
|---|---------------------|--|
| After School Programs for Jr/Sr high students | 12-18 | Support social, emotional, cognitive, and academic development, reduce risky behaviors, promote physical health, and provide a safe and supportive environment for children and youth. |
| Mentoring | Any age | Models positive social skills and facilitates interpersonal connections beyond family. Helps young people interpret and manage life |

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| | | <p>challenges, including relationships with peers and parents. Facilitates meaningful conversations that boost cognitive skills and provides perspective. Strengthens self-regulation, one's ability to manage emotions and impulses—to think before acting. Promotes identity development, a key task of adolescence, through modeling core qualities that contribute to human thriving, like empathy, curiosity, resourcefulness, and resilience. Opens doors to new ways of thinking, resources, and opportunities. Fosters self-efficacy—a belief in oneself.</p> |
| <i>Counseling based life-skills programs</i> | <i>Any age</i> | <p>With the help of skilled and professional therapists, teens suffering from mental health disorders or addiction can learn to listen, focus, set goals, work towards achieving them and in the process, gain various practical skills that are necessary to lead a successful adult life.</p> |
| <i>Substance Abuse treatment</i> | <i>Under 16</i> | <p>Adolescent/teen-specific rehab or treatment is designed specifically to help teens address substance abuse through a treatment program that provides medical drug detox and counseling, but also helps to build teens' self-esteem and confidence. Rehab programs are beneficial for teens who need a safe, structured environment.</p> |
| <i>Intensive Outpatient Services</i> | <i>Any age</i> | <p>Intensive Outpatient Services for Adolescents Participants benefit from a less intensive and therapeutic after-school program. Treatment is designed to help those with emotional or behavioral issues whose symptoms may be too acute for traditional therapy but do not require inpatient hospitalization.</p> |
| <i>Alternatives to detention placement</i> | <i>Under 18</i> | <p>Alternatives to detention placement are for the youth who require secure confinement in smaller homelike facilities that prioritize age-appropriate rehabilitation.</p> |
| | | |

Community Analysis and Response (CAR) Final Worksheet

| COMMUNITY ANALYSIS & RESPONSE WORKSHEET | | | |
|--|--|---------------------|---|
| Holt County | | | |
| Identified Need | Existing Program, Agency or Resource | Eligible age | Does this program accomplish the desired change? If no, what is missing? |
| EXAMPLE: | | | |
| 22.7% of 12 th grade students report losing sleep due to worry | Schools, counseling services, & Teammates | All ages | The school systems in Holt county have teamed with Heartland counseling to aid students with mental and behavioral health issues. (possibly the higher percentage is due to lack of buy in from students and families. Our team could help promote this service) |
| EXAMPLE: | | | |
| 21.3% of 10 th grade students and 40.4% of 12 th grade students report using alcohol | Counseling services, Alcoholic's anonymous, & Juvenile diversion | All ages | Counseling, AA, & Juvenile diversion can all accomplish the desired change (the problem is possibly a lack of recreational activities available to youth in the county. Our team could aid in getting the conversation started with other community leaders to bring more activities to the area) |
| EXAMPLE: | | | |
| 8.0% of 10 th grade students report binge drinking | Counseling services, Alcoholics anonymous, & Juvenile diversion | All ages | Counseling, AA, & Juvenile diversion can all accomplish the desired change (the problem is possibly a lack of recreational activities available to youth in the county. Our team could aid in getting the conversation started with other |

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| | | | community leaders to bring more activities to the area) |
| EXAMPLE: | | | |
| 16.0% of 10 th grade students and 18.0% of 12 th grade students report using tobacco | Counseling services, Juvenile diversion, & schools | All ages | Counseling services, Juvenile diversion, and schools can all accomplish the desired change (the problem is possibly a lack of recreational activities available to youth in the county. Our team could aid in getting the conversation started with other community leaders to bring more activities to the area as well as talking to local health departments, radio stations, tv stations, local media and news to promote anti-tobacco campaigns). |
| EXAMPLE: | | | |
| 28.0% of 10 th grader students & 48.3% of 12 th grade students report vaping | Counseling services, Juvenile diversion, & schools | All ages | Counseling services, Juvenile diversion, and schools can all accomplish the desired change (the problem is possibly a lack of recreational activities available to youth in the county. Our team could aid in getting the conversation started with other community leaders to bring more activities to the area as well as talking to local health departments, radio stations, tv stations, local media and news to promote anti-vaping campaigns). |
| EXAMPLE: | | | |
| 6.7% of 12 th grade students report gang involvement | Counseling services, Juvenile diversion, schools, & Law enforcement | All ages | Counseling services, Juvenile diversion, schools, & Law enforcement can all accomplish the desired change (the problem is possibly a lack of recreational activities available to youth in the |

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|---|---|--------------------|--|
| | | | county. Our team could aid in getting the conversation started with other community leaders to bring more activities to the area. It is popular belief that this number was an overstatement on the half of the students, local law enforcement does not believe there is any gang activity in our area) |
| EXAMPLE: | | | |
| 85.6% of 8 th grade students and 82.4% of 10 th grade students report having a supportive adult at home | Parenting class through O’Neill public schools, counseling, and Central Nebraska Community Action Partnership | All ages /families | Parenting class through O’Neill public schools, counseling, and Central Nebraska Community Action Partnership can all accomplish the desired change (possibly the higher percentage is due to lack of buy in from students and families. Our team could help promote this service) |
| EXAMPLE: | | | |
| 86.5% of 8 th grade students 73% of 10 th grade students & 66.3% of 12 th grade students report the use of alcohol is viewed as wrong/very wrong | Schools, Juvenile diversion, law enforcement, & North Central District Health Department | All ages | Schools, Juvenile diversion, law enforcement, & North Central District Health Department can all accomplish the desired change (our program can talk to these agencies, radio stations, tv stations, local media, and news to promote campaigns about alcohol use). |
| EXAMPLE: | | | |
| 82.4% of 10 th grade students & 76.4% of 12 th grade students report the use of tobacco is viewed as wrong/very wrong | Schools, Juvenile diversion, law enforcement, & North Central District Health Department | All ages | Schools, Juvenile diversion, law enforcement, & North Central District Health Department can all accomplish the desired change (our program can talk to these agencies, radio stations, tv stations, local media, and news to |

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| | | | promote campaigns about tobacco use). |
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COMMUNITY ANALYSIS & RESPONSE WORKSHEET
Boyd County

| Identified Need | Existing Program, Agency or Resource | Eligible age | Does this program accomplish the desired change? If no, what is missing? |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------|--|
| EXAMPLE: | | | |
| Boyd County did not participate in the Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey (last was 2010) | Boyd County schools | All ages | This program can accomplish desired change (Our program can encourage the Boyd county schools to participate in the survey in the future). |
| EXAMPLE: | | | |
| Boyd County sheriff did not report to NCC 2015 – 2018. | Boyd County sheriff's office | All ages | This program can accomplish desired change (Our program can encourage the Boyd county sheriff's office to report to NCC in the future). |

COMMUNITY ANALYSIS & RESPONSE WORKSHEET
Brown County

| Identified Need | Existing Program, Agency or Resource | Eligible age | Does this program accomplish the desired change? If no, what is missing? |
|---|--------------------------------------|--------------|---|
| EXAMPLE: | | | |
| Brown County did not participate in the Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey (last was 2010) | Brown County schools | All ages | This program can accomplish desired change (Our program can encourage the Brown county schools to participate in the survey in the future). |
| EXAMPLE: | | | |
| Brown County sheriff did not report to NCC 2015 – 2018. | Brown County sheriff's office | All ages | This program can accomplish desired change (Our program can encourage the Brown county sheriff's office to report to NCC in the future). |
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| COMMUNITY ANALYSIS & RESPONSE WORKSHEET | | | |
|---|---|---------------------|---|
| Wheeler County | | | |
| Identified Need | Existing Program, Agency or Resource | Eligible age | Does this program accomplish the desired change? If no, what is missing? |
| EXAMPLE: | | | |
| Wheeler County did not participate in the Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey (last was 2010) | Wheeler County schools | All ages | This program can accomplish desired change (Our program can encourage the Wheeler county schools to participate in the survey in the future). |
| EXAMPLE: | | | |
| Wheeler County sheriff did not report to NCC 2015 – 2018. | Wheeler County sheriff's office | All ages | This program can accomplish desired change (Our program can encourage the Wheeler county sheriff's office to report to NCC in the future). |

Gaps to be Filled Worksheet

| GAPS IN THE CONTINUUM | | | |
|---|---|---------------------|---|
| Brief Data Snapshot | Existing Program, Agency or Resource | Eligible age | Does this program accomplish the desired change? If no, what is missing? |
| 82.4% of 10 th grade students & 76.4% of 12 th grade students report the use of tobacco is viewed as wrong/very wrong | Schools, counseling services, & Teammates | All ages | Schools, Juvenile diversion, law enforcement, & North Central District Health Department can all accomplish the desired change (our program can talk to these agencies, radio stations, tv stations, local media, and news to |

| | | | |
|--|---|----------|--|
| | | | promote campaigns about tobacco use). |
| 22.7% of 12 th grade students report losing sleep due to worry | Schools, counseling services, & Teammates | All ages | The school systems in Holt county have teamed with Heartland counseling to aid students with mental and behavioral health issues. (possibly the higher percentage is due to lack of buy in from students and families. Our team could help promote this service) |
| 21.3% of 10 th grade students and 40.4% of 12 th grade students report using alcohol | Counseling services, Alcoholics anonymous, & Juvenile diversion | All ages | Counseling, AA, & Juvenile diversion can all accomplish the desired change (the problem is possibly a lack of recreational activities available to youth in the county. Our team could aid in getting the conversation started with other community leaders to bring more activities to the area) |
| 8.0% of 10 th grade students report binge drinking | Counseling services, Alcoholics anonymous, & Juvenile diversion | All ages | Counseling, AA, & Juvenile diversion can all accomplish the desired change (the problem is possibly a lack of recreational activities available to youth in the county. Our team could aid in getting the conversation started with other community leaders to bring more activities to the area) |
| 16.0% of 10 th grade students and 18.0% of 12 th grade students report using tobacco | Counseling services, Juvenile diversion, & schools | All ages | Counseling services, Juvenile diversion, and schools can all accomplish the desired change (the problem is possibly a lack of recreational activities available to youth in the county. Our team could aid in getting the conversation started with other community leaders to bring more activities to the area as well as talking to local health departments, radio stations, tv stations, local media and news to promote anti-tobacco campaigns). |
| EXAMPLE: | | | |

| | | | |
|---|--|---------------------------|--|
| <p>28.0% of 10th grader students & 48.3% of 12th grade students report vaping</p> | <p>Counseling services, Juvenile diversion, & schools</p> | <p>All ages</p> | <p>Counseling services, Juvenile diversion, and schools can all accomplish the desired change (the problem is possibly a lack of recreational activities available to youth in the county. Our team could aid in getting the conversation started with other community leaders to bring more activities to the area as well as talking to local health departments, radio stations, tv stations, local media and news to promote anti-tobacco campaigns).</p> |
| <p>6.7% of 12th grade students report gang involvement</p> | <p>Counseling services, Juvenile diversion, schools, & Law enforcement</p> | <p>All ages</p> | <p>Counseling services, Juvenile diversion, schools, & Law enforcement can all accomplish the desired change (the problem is possibly a lack of recreational activities available to youth in the county. Our team could aid in getting the conversation started with other community leaders to bring more activities to the area. It is popular belief that this number was an overstatement on the half of the students, local law enforcement does not believe there is any gang activity in our area)</p> |
| <p>85.6% of 8th grade students and 82.4% of 10th grade students report having a supportive adult at home</p> | <p>Parenting class through O’Neill public schools, counseling, and Central Nebraska Community Action Partnership</p> | <p>All ages /families</p> | <p>Parenting class through O’Neill public schools, counseling, and Central Nebraska Community Action Partnership can all accomplish the desired change (possibly the higher percentage is due to lack of buy in from students and families. Our team could help promote this service)</p> |
| <p>86.5% of 8th grade students 73% of 10th grade students & 66.3% of 12th grade students report the use of alcohol is viewed as wrong/very wrong</p> | <p>Schools, Juvenile diversion, law enforcement, & North Central District Health Department</p> | <p>All ages</p> | <p>Schools, Juvenile diversion, law enforcement, & North Central District Health Department can all accomplish the desired change (our program can talk to these agencies, radio stations, tv stations, local media, and news to promote campaigns about alcohol use).</p> |

List of Team Members

Description of Team:

The Holt/Boyd Juvenile Justice Community Team is comprised of representatives from probation, local schools, county court, county government, education and the general community. Our team meets quarterly and as needed to process business items of juvenile services. The team has in depth discussions on our priorities as well as what goals have been met. The group has been meeting since 2002 and has a chairman and secretary.

List of team members with contact information:

| | | |
|--|---|---|
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| Nikki Davis Probation Officer 128 N 6 th O'Neill, NE 68763 402-336-2594 nikki.davis@nebraska.gov | Becky Corkle O'Neill Public Schools 540 E Hynes O'Neill, NE 68763 402-336-1544 beckycorkle@oneillschools.org | |

Appendices

Appendix A: Completed Community Needs Assessment (CNA)

Appendix B: Approval Letter/minutes from Governing Board

Appendix C: Multi-County or Tribe Group MOUs

Appendix D: Other Appendix as identified by the community team

Holt County

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Youth Level

- Hispanic youth are over-represented in chronic absenteeism compared to Holt County demographics and school enrollment.
 - While we could not get race/ethnicity data for chronic absenteeism in this community because the frequency was too low to report for Native American, Asian, and Black youth are over-represented statewide in chronic absenteeism.
- Holt County has higher than state averages of youth who qualify for free/reduced lunch, a little less ½ of the students in the last two years.
- Graduation rates are very high for Holt County the last 5 years.
- More 12th grade youth report losing sleep from worry compared to the state.
- More 10th and 12th graders report higher rates of use of alcohol, tobacco, and vaping compared to the state; 10th graders also report higher rates of binge drinking.
- 6.7% of 12th graders report gang involvement.
- Arrest rates have gone down for all age groups in Holt County.
- JJI did not have risk assessment scores for diversion from the 2015-2017 assessment evaluation to include. If the county is not using a validated assessment tool, then it should begin doing so (there will be a statewide tool coming in July 2021). If the county does have assessment data in digital format for JJI to analyze, we would be happy to update this table.
- Law enforcement data by race and ethnicity would be very beneficial to have a clearer picture of RED. Compared to the overall population of Holt County, Hispanic youth are overrepresented in all system points except for having multiple charges filed and probation overrides.
- Once referred, youth of all race/ethnicity are enrolling and successfully completing diversion at the rate to which they were referred.

Table 1.

Distribution of the Population Age 10-17 by Race/Ethnicity and Gender (5-year estimates, 2014-2018) ^a

Males

| Geographic Area | Total Count | Non-Hispanic White | Hispanic or Latino | Black | American Indian | Asian or Pacific Islander | 2+ Races |
|-----------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Nebraska | 108,494 | 70.4% | 16.2% | 5.7% | 1.4% | 2.0% | 4.4% |
| Holt | 581 | 82.8% | 10.2% | 0.0% | 2.2% | 0.0% | 4.8% |

Females

| Geographic Area | Total Count | Non-Hispanic White | Hispanic or Latino | Black | American Indian | Asian or Pacific Islander | 2+ Races |
|-----------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Nebraska | 102,658 | 70.4% | 16.2% | 5.7% | 1.4% | 2.0% | 4.4% |
| Holt | 549 | 92.0% | 5.3% | 0.0% | 1.6% | 0.0% | 1.1% |

[Click here to go back to RED analysis](#)

Table 2.
School Membership by Race/ Ethnicity and School Year (2014-2019) ^b

| Year | Geographic Area | Total Count | Hispanic | Asian | American Indian or Alaska Native | Black or African American | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | White | Two or More Races |
|-------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---|---------------|-------------------|
| 2014 - 2015 | Holt | 1,641 | 10.18% | 0.12% | 0.18% | 0.61% | 0.06% | 87.81% | 1.04% |
| | Nebraska | 312,281 | 17.74% | 2.43% | 1.42% | 6.70% | 0.13% | 68.20% | 3.38% |
| 2015 - 2016 | Holt | 1,622 | 10.05% | 0.18% | 0.18% | 0.18% | 0.06% | 88.22% | 1.11% |
| | Nebraska | 315,542 | 18.08% | 2.53% | 1.38% | 6.67% | 0.14% | 67.72% | 3.47% |
| 2016 - 2017 | Holt | 1,672 | 10.59% | 0.48% | 0.18% | 0.30% | 0.06% | 87.20% | 1.20% |
| | Nebraska | 318,853 | 18.61% | 2.66% | 1.38% | 6.69% | 0.15% | 66.92% | 3.59% |
| 2017 - 2018 | Holt | 1,720 | 10.41% | 0.70% | 0.12% | 0.70% | 0.00% | 86.45% | 1.63% |
| | Nebraska | 323,391 | 18.80% | 2.76% | 1.35% | 6.67% | 0.14% | 66.50% | 3.78% |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| 2018 - 2019 | Holt | 1,717 | 10.83% | 0.70% | 0.23% | 0.23% | 0.00% | 86.60% | 1.40% |
| | Nebraska | 325,984 | 19.13% | 2.83% | 1.33% | 6.63% | 0.15% | 66.02% | 3.91% |

Table 3.
Chronic Absenteeism by Race/Ethnicity and School Year^b

| Year | Geographic Area | Total Youth with Chronic Absenteeism | Hispanic | Asian | American Indian or Alaska Native | Black or African American | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | White | Two or More Races |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|-------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---|---------------|-------------------|
| 2014 - 2015 | Holt | 134 | 17.91% | * | * | * | * | 82.09% | * |
| | Nebraska | 35,638 | 24.54% | 1.64% | 4.42% | 12.93% | 0.19% | 51.61% | 4.68% |
| 2015 - 2016 | Holt | 123 | 25.20% | * | * | * | * | 74.80% | * |
| | Nebraska | 38,812 | 25.73% | 1.55% | 4.27% | 13.68% | 0.27% | 49.68% | 4.83% |
| 2016 - 2017 | Holt | 104 | 26.92% | * | * | * | * | 73.08% | * |
| | Nebraska | 42,290 | 26.90% | 1.66% | 4.40% | 14.22% | 0.24% | 47.66% | 4.92% |
| 2017 - 2018 | Holt | 152 | 19.74% | * | * | * | * | 80.26% | * |
| | Nebraska | 46,365 | 26.81% | 1.77% | 4.18% | 14.49% | 0.22% | 47.37% | 2389 |
| 2018 - 2019 | Holt | 102 | 14.71% | * | * | * | * | 85.29% | * |
| | Nebraska | 46,356 | 27.64% | 1.76% | 4.16% | 14.71% | 0.23% | 46.27% | 5.23% |

Per the Nebraska Department of Education, the * represents masked data, which they define as 10 or fewer students, for the confidentiality of the students

Table 4.
Disabilities, English Proficiency, Eligibility for Free/Reduced Lunch and School Year (2014 – 2019) ^b

| Year | Geographic Area | Total Count | IDEA | 504 Plan | Limited English Proficiency | Free/Reduced Lunch |
|-----------|-----------------|-------------|--------|----------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| 2014-2015 | Holt | 1,641 | 14.26% | * | 5.06% | 48.08% |
| | Nebraska | 312,281 | 13.66% | 0.76% | 5.97% | 44.53% |
| 2015-2016 | Holt | 1,622 | 13.81% | * | 3.27% | 42.85% |
| | Nebraska | 315,542 | 13.64% | 0.90% | 5.90% | 44.23% |
| 2016-2017 | Holt | 1,672 | 14.06% | * | 4.84% | 43.66% |
| | Nebraska | 318,853 | 13.80% | 0.93% | 6.99% | 44.76% |
| 2017-2018 | Holt | 1,720 | 15.87% | * | 4.48% | 47.62% |
| | Nebraska | 323,391 | 15.87% | 0.88% | 6.59% | 46.24% |
| 2018-2019 | Holt | 1,717 | 15.55% | * | 4.60% | 49.27% |
| | Nebraska | 325,984 | 16.13% | 0.85% | 6.78% | 45.42% |

Per the Nebraska Department of Education, the * represents masked data, which they define as 10 or fewer students, for the confidentiality of the students

Table 5.
Nebraska Public High School 4-Year Graduation Rates by County (5-year estimates, 2015-2019) ^c

| County | Total in Last 5 Years | | Yearly Averages | | Graduation Rate | Rank |
|----------|-----------------------|----------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|------|
| | Graduates | Students | Graduates | Students | | |
| Nebraska | 100,111 | 112,857 | 20,022.2 | 22,571.4 | 88.7% | - |
| Holt | 549 | 583 | 22.0 | 23.3 | 94.2% | 48 |

Data are only for public school districts and their associated high schools. The figures are aggregated based on the location of the school, not the residential location of the student. The figures for Dawes

County are impacted by a vocational school where graduation rates are less than 25%; in the rest of the county graduation rates equal 93%.

Table 6.
Youth Who Report Mental Health Symptoms and Substance Use by Grade (2018) ^d

| | | 8 th | 10 th | 12 th |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| Holt | Loss of sleep from worry | 12.3% | 18.9% | 22.7% |
| Nebraska | | 18.0% | 20.6% | 21.6% |
| Holt | Depressed | 24.3% | 27.0% | 30.3% |
| Nebraska | | 31.1% | 34.8% | 35.3% |
| Holt | Considered/Attempted suicide | 14.0% | 17.6% | 6.8% |
| Nebraska | | 22.9% | 18.2% | 16.2% |
| Holt | Current alcohol | 9.3% | 21.3% | 40.4% |
| Nebraska | | 9.8% | 20.1% | 34.2% |
| Holt | Current binge drinking | 0.9% | 8.0% | 13.5% |
| Nebraska | | 1.3% | 6.2% | 15.0% |
| Holt | Current marijuana | 0.9% | 4.0% | 11.2% |
| Nebraska | | 3.0% | 7.3% | 13.9% |
| Holt | Current tobacco | 2.8% | 16.0% | 18.0% |
| Nebraska | | 3.7% | 8.0% | 15.3% |
| Holt | Current vaping | 6.5% | 28.0% | 48.3% |
| Nebraska | | 10.4% | 24.7% | 37.3% |
| Holt | Hopeful for future (past week) | 82.6% | 81.3% | 78.7% |
| Nebraska | | 72.1% | 74.7% | 78.4% |

****JJI is currently waiting for the legal team at DHHS to approve providing this data**

Table 7.

Juveniles Referred to Services ^e

Table 8.

Juveniles Referred to Services by Race/Ethnicity, Gender, and Mental Health Diagnosis ^e

Table 9.

Juveniles Who Utilized Services ^e

| Arrestee Age | All Arrestee Ages | | | Under 18 | | |
|---|-------------------|------|-------------------------|----------|------|-------------------------------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 - 2019 Growth % | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 - 2019 Growth % |
| Summary Arrest Date | | | | | | |
| Jurisdiction by Geography | HOLT COUNTY | | | | | |
| Arrest Offense | | | | | | |
| Total | 199 | 121 | -39.20 | 26 | 19 | -26.92 |
| Rape Total | - | 4 | - | - | 0 | - |
| Robbery Total | 2 | - | -100.00 | 0 | - | - |
| Aggravated Assault Total | 2 | - | -100.00 | 0 | - | - |
| Burglary Total | 4 | 4 | 0.00 | 0 | 1 | - |
| Larceny-Theft Total | 8 | 5 | -37.50 | 1 | 3 | 200.00 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft Total | 1 | - | -100.00 | 0 | - | - |
| Other Assaults | 17 | 13 | -23.53 | 3 | 0 | -100.00 |
| Fraud | 3 | 1 | -66.67 | 0 | - | - |
| Stolen Property; Buying, Receiving, Possessing | 2 | 1 | -50.00 | 0 | - | - |
| Vandalism | 2 | - | -100.00 | 2 | - | -100.00 |
| Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc. | 2 | 4 | 100.00 | 0 | 1 | - |
| Prostitution Total for Summary | 1 | - | -100.00 | 0 | - | - |

| | | | | | | |
|---|----|----|---------|---|---|--------|
| Sex Offenses (Except Rape and Prostitution) | 12 | 2 | -83.33 | 1 | 1 | 0.00 |
| Drug Violations - Sale/Manufacturing | 6 | - | -100.00 | 0 | - | - |
| Drug Violations – Possession | 33 | 17 | -48.48 | 5 | 5 | 0.00 |
| NIBRS Unable to Classify | - | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| Offenses Against Family and Children | 1 | 2 | 100.00 | 0 | 0 | - |
| Driving Under the Influence | 23 | 17 | -26.09 | 0 | 0 | |
| Liquor Laws | 29 | 9 | -68.97 | 8 | 2 | -75.00 |
| Disorderly Conduct | 2 | 14 | 600.00 | 0 | 3 | - |
| All Other Offenses (Except Traffic) | 48 | 26 | -45.83 | 5 | 2 | -60.00 |
| Runaways | 1 | 1 | 0.00 | 1 | 1 | 0.00 |

Table 10.

Types of Services Utilized ^e

Table 11.

Youth Who Report Gang Involvement by Grade (2018) ^d

| | | 8 th | 10 th | 12 th |
|-------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| Holt | Youth Reported Gang Involvement | 1.9% | 2.7% | 6.7% |
| Nebraska | | 3.8% | 4.4% | 3.8% |

Table 12.

Arrest Rates for Adults and Juveniles for 2018 and 2019 with Percent Change ^f

Table 13.

Risk Assessment Domains for Youth Assessed on Diversion (2015 - 2017) ^g

| Score | Holt | | | All NYS Counties | | |
|-------------------------------|------|----|----|------------------|-------|-------|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Family Circumstance/Parenting | -- | -- | -- | 60.1% | 26.7% | 13.1% |

| | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|----|----|----------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Education/Employment | -- | -- | -- | 43.0% | 44.0% | 13.1% |
| Peer Relationships | -- | -- | -- | 44.7% | 46.6% | 8.6% |
| Substance Use | -- | -- | -- | 61.4% | 30.3% | 8.3% |
| Leisure/Recreation | -- | -- | -- | 50.6% | 33.0% | 16.5% |
| Personality/Behavior | -- | -- | -- | 50.1% | 39.4% | 10.4% |
| Attitudes/Orientation | -- | -- | -- | 61.3% | 33.7% | 5.0% |
| Mean Score | <i>M = --, SD = --, --</i> | | | <i>M = 5.64, SD = 3.65, 0-17</i> | | |

Could not compute because county did not have any risk assessments completed

Table 14.
Racial and Ethnic Disparities Descriptives (2015-2019) ¹

| System Point | N | Amer. Indian/ Alaskan Native | Asian/ Pacific Islander | Black | Hispanic/ Latino | Multiple/ Other | Unspec/ Missing | Wh ite |
|----------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Law enforcement contact | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Youth taken to temporary custody | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Youth issued citation/referral | 133 * | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Youth referred to diversion | 4 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 25% | 0% | 0% | 75% |
| Youth enrolled in diversion | 4 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 25% | 0% | 0% | 75% |
| Successful completion diversion | 4 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 25% | 0% | 0% | 75% |

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|----|----|----|--------|----|----|--------|
| Youth with multiple charges | 14 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 7.10% | 0% | 0% | 92.90% |
| Filed on in adult court | 26 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 11.50% | 0% | 0% | 88.50% |
| RAI Override: More Severe | 7 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 14.30% | 0% | 0% | 85.70% |
| RAI Override: Less Severe | 3 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Probation intake | 38 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 15.80% | 0% | 0% | 84.20% |
| Successful probation | 58 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 12.10% | 0% | 0% | 87.90% |
| Revocation of probation | 11 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 18.20% | 0% | 0% | 81.80% |
| Youth in OJS custody | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| OJS custody: placed in detention | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Youth booked into detention | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Youth booked into detention more than once | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |

*Holt County sheriff only partially reported to NCC in 2017

| Measurement | | Holt | Nebraska |
|---|---|-------|----------|
| Poverty/SES | Children <18 in Poverty | 8.0% | 14.8% |
| | Number of children 12-17 below 185% poverty | 301 | 43,814 |
| | Percent of children 12-17 below 185% poverty | 37.8% | 28.9% |
| | | | |
| Educational attainment | Age 25+ with B.D. | 21.2% | 31.3% |
| | County rank | 43 | - |
| | Age 25+ with some college, no degree | 22.8% | 23.0% |
| | County rank | 63 | - |
| | Age 25+ with HS degree | 92.7% | 91.1% |
| | County Rank | 42 | - |
| | | | |
| Technology and computers in the home | % under 18 with a computer at home | 97.1% | 96.9% |
| | County rank | 68 | - |
| | % under 18 with an internet subscription at home | 87.8% | 91.0% |
| | County rank | 65 | - |
| | % under 18 with broadband internet access at home | 87.8% | 90.8% |
| | County Rank | 63 | - |
| | | | |
| Housing | Owner-occupied households | 3,259 | 498,567 |
| | Total households | 4,435 | 754,063 |
| | Owner % | 73.5% | 66.1% |
| | Renters | 1,176 | 255,496 |
| | Renter % | 26.5% | 33.9% |

| | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|---------|
| Transportation | Households with no vehicle available | 125 | 40,465 |
| | Total households | 4,435 | 754,063 |
| | No vehicle % | 2.8% | 5.4% |
| | | | |

Family Level

- Holt County has a higher rate of extreme poverty compared to the state
- Number of people with bachelor's degrees is lower compared to the state; this could be a result of residents going to college in a different community and not returning to Holt County.
- The number of youth with access to computers is higher than the state average, but access to internet is lower.
- 8th and 10th graders report feeling less supported by adults at home compared to the state.
 - All grades report higher rates of support from adults at school compared to the state.
- ¾ of abuse/neglect cases are unfounded.

Table 15.
Poverty/SES, Educational Attainment, Technology and Computers in Home, Housing, and Transportation (5-year estimates, 2014-2018) ^a

Table 16.
Youth Who Report Supportive Adults by Grade (2018) ^d

| | | 8 th | 10 th | 12 th |
|-------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| Holt | Adult at home who listens | 85.6% | 82.4% | 86.5% |
| Nebraska | | 87.3% | 85.0% | 85.6% |
| Holt | Adult at school who listens | 86.1% | 88.0% | 91.0% |
| Nebraska | | 85.2% | 85.0% | 87.4% |

Table 17.
Domestic Violence Reports and Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means ^h

| | Aggravated Domestic Assaults Reported | Aggravated Domestic Assaults Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means | Simple Domestic Assaults Reported | Simple Domestic Assaults Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|
| Holt | 1 | 1 | 10 | 7 |
| Nebraska | 562 | 402 | 2512 | 2019 |

Table 18.
Child Abuse and Neglect Reports ⁱ

| | Abuse/Neglect Calls | Reports Assessed | Substantiated | Unfounded |
|-------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------|------------|
| Holt | 162 | 34% | 13% | 76% |
| Nebraska | 36,480 | 33.4% | 16.0% | 68.3% |

Community Level

- Youth perceptions of community attitudes on alcohol use is lower than the state for all grades; 10th and 12th graders also report lower perceptions of community attitudes on alcohol and cigarettes.
- Juvenile record sealing is not “automatic” even if statute requires it to seal. Sealing a record requires administrative staff to initiate the process. Dismissed or dropped cases should be sealed at a rate of 100%. All others should be sealed at the rate to which youth successfully complete their court requirements (completion of diversion, probation, restorative practice, or other treatment).
- Data for race and ethnicity at each juvenile justice system point is imperative for an accurate Racial and Ethnic Disparities (RED) analysis. The court trial database (JUSTICE) has a high rate of missing data by race/ethnicity in this county.

Table 19.
Community Violence Measured by Arrests for Violent Crime (2019) ⁱ

| Type of Violence | Holt | Nebraska |
|--------------------------------------|------|----------|
| Murder and Nonnegligent manslaughter | 0 | 34 |
| Rape | 4 | 264 |
| Robbery | 0 | 367 |
| Aggravated Assault | 0 | 1,639 |
| Other Assaults | 13 | 8,782 |

Table 20.
Youth Perceptions of Community Attitudes on Substance Use by Grade (2018) ^d

| | | 8 th | 10 th | 12 th |
|----------|------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| Holt | Wrong/very wrong – Marijuana | 97.1% | 89.2% | 96.6% |
| Nebraska | | 94.4% | 89.8% | 85.2% |
| Holt | Wrong/very wrong – alcohol | 86.5% | 73.0% | 66.3% |

| | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Nebraska | | 89.1% | 80.4% | 68.7% |
| Holt | Wrong/very wrong – cigarettes | 95.2% | 82.4% | 76.4% |
| Nebraska | | 92.9% | 89.0% | 78.7% |

Table 21.
 Juvenile Court Record Sealing Analysis (2015 – 2019) ^m

see Appendix for yearly data

| | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | 29 | 40 | 72.5% |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Juv. Court | 151 | 323 | 46.7% |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | 51 | 67 | 76.1% |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Total | 231 | 430 | 53.7% |

*Cases offered diversion, mediation or RJ are not available data points in in JUSTICE. All cases filed in adult court and transferred to juvenile court overlapped with cases that were filed in adult court as a misdemeanor or infraction; as such, they were omitted from analysis

Policy, Legal and System Level

- This county is not a county required to provide counsel under statute; however, access to counsel is similar to the state average, but still lower than ideal.
- There are few curfew and 3A, 3B, and 3C filings in court so the community is diverting appropriately.
- With respect to diversion practices, the community may want to consider a few things:
 - Allowing warning letters for the lowest risk youth
 - It is not clear why all first-time offenders are not referred to diversion but perhaps this is due to the ineligible offenses.

Table 22.
Percent of Youth in Juvenile Court Who Had Access to Counsel (2018) ⁿ

| | Holt | Nebraska |
|-------------------|----------------|----------|
| Access to Counsel | 60.0% -- 79.9% | 73.5% |

Neb. Rev. 43-272. Right to counsel; appointment; payment; guardian ad litem; appointment; when; duties; standards for guardian's ad litem; standards for attorneys who practice in juvenile court.

(1)(a) In counties having a population of less than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, when any juvenile shall be brought without counsel before a juvenile court, the court shall advise such juvenile and his or her parent or guardian of their right to retain counsel and shall inquire of such juvenile and his or her parent or guardian as to whether they desire to retain counsel.

(b) In counties having a population of one hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants, when any juvenile court petition is filed alleging jurisdiction of a juvenile pursuant to subdivision (1), (2), (3)(b), or (4) of section 43-247, counsel shall be appointed for such juvenile.

Table 23.
Frequency of Youth with a Curfew Violation (2015 – 2019) ^m

| | Holt | Nebraska |
|---------------------|------|----------|
| Curfew Court Filing | 1 | 352 |

Table 24.
Court Filing for 3A, 3B, and 3C cases (2015 – 2019) ^m

| Filed Subtype | Holt | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | Total |
| 3A- Homeless/Neglect | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3B – Absenteeism/Truancy | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
| 3B - Uncontrollable | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| 3C – Mentally Ill and Dangerous | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 |

| Filed Subtype | Nebraska | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | Total |
| 3A- Homeless/Neglect | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 7 |
| 3B – Absenteeism/Truancy | 96 | 510 | 493 | 423 | 475 | 1997 |
| 3B - Uncontrollable | 47 | 118 | 125 | 119 | 82 | 491 |
| 3C – Mentally Ill and Dangerous | 22 | 48 | 37 | 22 | 23 | 306 |

Table 25.
County Diversion Procedures and Protocols Compared to Statewide Responses (2020) ^o

| | Holt | Nebraska * |
|---|------|---|
| Refer ALL juveniles who are first time offenders to diversion | No | Yes: 27.3% No: 63.6% Not sure: 9.1% |

| | | |
|--|---|---|
| File a juvenile's charges at the time of the referral to diversion | No | Yes: 18.2% No: 70.5% Not sure: 11.4% |
| File a juvenile's charges if they are unsuccessful on diversion | Not sure | Always: 47.7% Sometimes: 47.7% Not sure: 4.5% |
| Allow a juvenile to complete diversion more than once | Yes | Yes: 61.4% No: 34.1% Not sure: 4.5% |
| Charges/offenses that make a juvenile ineligible for diversion | No | Yes: 86.4% No: 9.1% Not sure: 4.5% |
| Warning letters instead of intervention | No | Yes: 27.3% No: 61.4% Not sure: 11.4% |
| Currently drug test | No | Yes: 31.8% No: 65.9% Not sure: 2.3% |
| Fees beyond restitution | Yes; \$100 (but can be waived or reduced, if needed) | Yes: 86.4% No: 13.6% Not sure: 0.0% |
| Use of graduated responses prior to discharge | Yes; may include additional activities, depending on what they are not compliant with | Yes: 47.7% No: 25.0% Not sure: 27.3% |
| Sealing diversion records | Yes; sealed at successful completion and records are sealed when closed in JCMS | Yes: 59.1% No: 22.7% Not sure: 18.2% |

*responses included 44 juvenile diversion programs; representing 68 counties/tribe (91.9% response rate)

Community Team Level

- A community lead should be able to get roughly a 75% response, to ensure active participation on planning issues, your response rate was 75.0%.
- Mean score on Collective Impact is higher than in 2019 and higher than the state average in all areas
- The community team should be representative of the population of that community but should also include diversity. It might be beneficial to add diverse member to your team (especially because of the patterns of over and under representation.)
 - This pertains to gender as well as race/ethnicity.
- On the survey –no probation, law enforcement, attorneys, treatment providers, child welfare, or elected officials in your team—but perhaps they did not respond to the survey.
 - The number of people on the team the survey was sent to is small, so you may want to consider growing the team to include other system points.
- 1/3 of people who responded indicated they do not feel heard on the team.

Table 26.
Collective Impact Survey Response Rates ^P

| Year of survey | Holt/Boyd/Brown | | Nebraska | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------|----------|-------|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 |
| Number of surveys sent | 11 | 8 | 1407 | 780 |
| Number of completed surveys | 6 | 6 | 221 | 345 |
| Response rate | 54.6% | 75.0% | 28.3% | 24.5% |

Table 27.
Collective Impact Survey Scores ^P

| Year of survey | Holt/Boyd/Brown | | Nebraska | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|------|------------|------|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 |
| | Mean Score | | Mean Score | |
| Common agenda | 5.17 | 6.17 | 5.29 | 5.69 |
| Mutually reinforcing | 4.75 | 5.83 | 5.37 | 5.50 |
| Shared measurement | 4.71 | 5.83 | 5.21 | 5.45 |
| Continuous communication | 4.94 | 5.83 | 5.49 | 5.55 |
| Backbone agency | 4.95 | 6.00 | 5.52 | 5.78 |

The five elements of Collective Impact are:

- **Common agenda:** Participants have a shared vision and common understanding of both the problem and potential solutions to that problem.
- **Mutually reinforcing activities:** Participant activities must be differentiated while still being coordinated through a mutually reinforcing plan of action.
- **Shared measurement:** Collecting data and measuring results consistently across all participants ensures efforts remain aligned and participants hold each other accountable.
- **Continuous communication:** Consistent and open communication is needed across stakeholders to build trust, assure mutual objectives, and create common motivation.
- **Backbone support:** Creating and managing Collective Impact often requires a separate organization(s) with staff and a specific set of skills to serve as the backbone for the entire initiative and to coordinate participating organizations ⁹

Table 28.
Community Planning Team Diversity ^P

| | Holt/Boyd/Brown | | Nebraska | |
|---------------|-----------------|-------|----------|-------|
| | N = 6 | (%) | N = 345 | (%) |
| Gender | | | | |
| Male | -- | -- | 101 | 29.3% |
| Female | 6 | 100% | 229 | 66.4% |
| Missing | -- | -- | 15 | 4.3% |
| | | | | |
| Age | | | | |
| Under 30 | -- | -- | 19 | 5.6% |
| 30-39 | 1 | 16.7% | 68 | 19.6% |
| 40-49 | 1 | 16.7% | 88 | 25.4% |
| 50-59 | 2 | 33.3% | 90 | 25.8% |
| 60 and over | 2 | 33.3% | 44 | 13% |
| Missing | -- | -- | 36 | 10.4% |

| | | | | |
|--|----|-------|-----|-------|
| | | | | |
| Race/Ethnicity | | | | |
| White | 5 | 83.3% | 230 | 66.7% |
| Black | -- | -- | 10 | 2.9% |
| Hispanic | -- | -- | 13 | 3.8% |
| Native American | -- | -- | 6 | 1.7% |
| Asian | -- | -- | 1 | 0.3% |
| Other | -- | -- | 2 | 0.6% |
| Provided town name | 1 | 16.7% | 63 | 18.3% |
| Missing | -- | -- | 19 | 5.5% |
| | | | | |
| Previous System Involvement | | | | |
| Yes | 2 | 33.3% | 98 | 28.4% |
| No | 4 | 66.7% | 242 | 70.1% |
| Missing | -- | -- | 5 | 1.4% |
| | | | | |
| System Point* | | | | |
| Law enforcement | 1 | 11.1% | 34 | 7.8% |
| County attorney/ juvenile court | -- | -- | 32 | 7.3% |
| K-12 or secondary education | 2 | 22.2% | 65 | 14.9% |
| Ministry/faith based | -- | -- | 10 | 2.3% |
| Diversion | 2 | 22.2% | 55 | 12.6% |
| Probation | 2 | 22.2% | 31 | 7.1% |
| Public defender/ defense counsel/ guardian ad litem | -- | -- | 8 | 1.8% |
| DHHS or Child Welfare | -- | -- | 13 | 3.0% |
| Treatment provider | -- | -- | 40 | 9.2% |
| Post adjudication or detention | -- | -- | 8 | 1.8% |

| | | | | |
|--------------------------------|----|-------|-----|-------|
| Community based program | 2 | 22.2% | 109 | 25.0% |
| Elected official or government | -- | -- | 6 | 1.4% |
| Restorative practices | -- | -- | 6 | 1.4% |
| Backbone or system improvement | -- | -- | 3 | 0.7% |
| Other | -- | -- | 16 | 3.7% |
| | | | | |
| Voice on Team | | | | |
| Feel heard | 4 | 66.7% | 270 | 78.3% |
| Do not feel heard | 2 | 33.3% | 75 | 21.7% |

Boyd $n = 2$, Brown $n = 1$, Holt $n = 6$ (two people named more than one county they represent).

*note. Team members could have selected more than one system point; as such, they do not add up to 100%

References and Resources

^a **Population data:** Table B01001 race series, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on July 10, 2020

^a **Youth employment:** Table B23001, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on July 10, 2020

^a **Poverty/SES:** Table B10724, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 3-18-2020

^a **Technology in household:** Table B28005, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Compiled by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 8-11-20

^a **Home owner/transportation:** Table B25045, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 8-11-20

^a **Education attainment:** Table B15002, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 3-18-2020

^b **School membership, chronic absenteeism, student disability, and free/reduced lunch:** Prepared by Sara Simonsen, Nebraska Department of Education

^c **Graduation rates:** Special Tabulation by Sara Simonsen, Nebraska Department of Education

Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 7-24-2020

^d **Mental health, Substance use, gang, and community perceptions of substance use:** Bureau of Sociological Research, Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey:

<https://bosr.unl.edu/current-nrpfss-county-level-data>

^e **Referral to and utilization of services:** Department of Health and Human Services

^f **Adult and juvenile arrests:** Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics:

<https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx>

^g Diversion programs

^h **Domestic violence:** Nebraska Crime Commission, Domestic Assault:

https://ncc.nebraska.gov/sites/ncc.nebraska.gov/files/doc/2019%20Domestic%20Assault%20and%20Arrest%20by%20County_0.pdf

ⁱ Child abuse and neglect

^j **Community violence:** Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics:

<https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx>

^k **Distance to detention facility:** Google Maps

^l **Racial and ethnic disparities:** Prepared by Mitch Herian, University of Nebraska-Lincoln with data provided by:

Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics:

<https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx>

Nebraska Crime Commission, Juvenile Case Management System

Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE

Nebraska Judicial Branch, Juvenile Services Division

^m **Court Filings and Juvenile Record Sealing:** Data provided by the Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE. Prepared by: Lindsey Wylie, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute on 9-1-20

ⁿ **Access to Counsel:** Kids County in Nebraska Report, Voices for Children, retrieved from: www.voicesforchildren.com/kidscount. Data originally from Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE

^o **Diversion procedures and protocols:** Diversion survey distributed to Juvenile Diversion programs, 2020. Prepared by: Lindsey Wylie, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute

^p **Collective impact:** Collective impact surveys distributed to Community Planning Teams, 2019 and 2020. Prepared by: Anne Hobbs and Erin Wasserburger, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute

^q **Collective Impact Elements:** Kania, J., & Kramer, M. (2011). Collective Impact. *Stanford Social Innovation Review*.

Appendix: Sealed Court Records by Year

*Cases offered diversion, mediation or RJ are not available data points in in JUSTICE. All cases filed in adult court and transferred to juvenile court overlapped with cases that were filed in adult court as a misdemeanor or infraction; as such, they were omitted from analysis

| 2015 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | 4 | 5 | 80.0% |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |

| | | | |
|--|----|----|-------|
| Filed in Juv. Court | 40 | 54 | 74.1% |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | 20 | 21 | 95.2% |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Total | 64 | 80 | 80.0% |

| 2016 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | 7 | 8 | 87.5% |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Juv. Court | 49 | 76 | 64.5% |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | 17 | 20 | 85.0% |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Total | 73 | 104 | 70.2% |

| 2017 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | 2 | 5 | 40.0% |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |

| | | | |
|--|----|----|--------|
| Filed in Juv. Court | 28 | 42 | 66.7% |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | 2 | 2 | 100.0% |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Total | 32 | 49 | 65.3% |

| 2018 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | 12 | 15 | 80.0% |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Juv. Court | 27 | 85 | 31.8% |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | 6 | 6 | 100.0% |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Total | 45 | 106 | 42.5% |

| 2019 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | 4 | 7 | 57.1% |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |

| | | | |
|--|----|----|-------|
| Filed in Juv. Court | 7 | 66 | 10.6% |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | 6 | 18 | 33.3% |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Total | 17 | 91 | 18.7% |

Brown County

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Youth Level

- While we could not get race/ethnicity data for chronic absenteeism in this community because the frequency was too low to report, Hispanic, Native American, and Black youth are over-represented statewide in chronic absenteeism.
- Brown County has higher than state averages of youth who qualify for free/reduced lunch, a little less than ½ of the students in the last five years.
- Graduation rates are very high for Brown County the last 5 years.
- This community has not participated in the NRPFS since 2010 and should consider participating in the next survey year (2020) to get youth-level data on mental health, gangs, supportive adults and community perceptions of substance use.
- Arrest rates for all age groups has gone down the last two years; there is no arrest data information under 18 years old.
- JJI did not have risk assessment scores for diversion from the 2015-2017 assessment evaluation to include. If the county is not using a validated assessment tool, then it should begin doing so (there will be a statewide tool coming in July 2021). If the county does have assessment data in digital format for JJI to analyze, we would be happy to update this table.
- Law enforcement data by race and ethnicity would be very beneficial to have a clearer picture of RED. Compared to the overall population of Brown County, Native American youth are overrepresented at probation override, intake, and successful probation; Black youth are overrepresented at probation override and probation intake, and Hispanic youth are overrepresented at all diversion points.
 - Race/ethnicity data is missing at the court system points for about 15% of cases.

Table 1.

Distribution of the Population Age 10-17 by Race/Ethnicity and Gender (5-year estimates, 2014-2018) ^a

Males

| Geographic Area | Total Count | Non-Hispanic White | Hispanic or Latino | Black | American Indian | Asian or Pacific Islander | 2+ Races |
|-----------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Nebraska | 108,494 | 70.4% | 16.2% | 5.7% | 1.4% | 2.0% | 4.4% |
| Brown | 81 | 100.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |

Females

| Geographic Area | Total Count | Non-Hispanic White | Hispanic or Latino | Black | American Indian | Asian or Pacific Islander | 2+ Races |
|-----------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Nebraska | 102,658 | 70.4% | 16.2% | 5.7% | 1.4% | 2.0% | 4.4% |
| Brown | 169 | 96.4% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 3.6% |

[Click here to go back to RED analysis](#)

Table 2.
School Membership by Race/ Ethnicity and School Year (2014-2019) ^b

| Year | Geographic Area | Total Count | Hispanic | Asian | American Indian or Alaska Native | Black or African American | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific islander | White | Two or More Races |
|-------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---|---------------|-------------------|
| 2014 - 2015 | Brown | 477 | 1.05% | 0.00% | 2.10% | 0.21% | 0.00% | 95.39% | 1.26% |
| | Nebraska | 312,281 | 17.74% | 2.43% | 1.42% | 6.70% | 0.13% | 68.20% | 3.38% |
| 2015 - 2016 | Brown | 483 | 2.48% | 0.00% | 2.28% | 0.21% | 0.00% | 93.58% | 1.45% |
| | Nebraska | 315,542 | 18.08% | 2.53% | 1.38% | 6.67% | 0.14% | 67.72% | 3.47% |
| 2016 - 2017 | Brown | 462 | 3.46% | 0.00% | 2.16% | 0.22% | 0.00% | 92.64% | 1.52% |
| | Nebraska | 318,853 | 18.61% | 2.66% | 1.38% | 6.69% | 0.15% | 66.92% | 3.59% |
| 2017 - 2018 | Brown | 443 | 3.84% | 0.00% | 2.26% | 0.23% | 0.00% | 92.78% | 0.90% |
| | Nebraska | 323,391 | 18.80% | 2.76% | 1.35% | 6.67% | 0.14% | 66.50% | 3.78% |
| | Brown | 429 | 5.59% | 0.00% | 3.26% | 0.23% | 0.00% | 90.21% | 0.70% |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------|---------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| 2018 - 2019 | Nebraska | 325,984 | 19.13% | 2.83% | 1.33% | 6.63% | 0.15% | 66.02% | 3.91% |
|-------------|----------|---------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|

Table 3.
Chronic Absenteeism by Race/Ethnicity and School Year^b

| Year | Geographic Area | Total Youth with Chronic Absenteeism | Hispanic | Asian | American Indian or Alaska Native | Black or African American | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | White | Two or More Races |
|-------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|----------|-------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---|----------------|-------------------|
| 2014 - 2015 | Brown | 11 | * | * | * | * | * | 100.00% | * |
| | Nebraska | 35,638 | 24.54% | 1.64% | 4.42% | 12.93% | 0.19% | 51.61% | 4.68% |
| 2015 - 2016 | Brown | 11 | * | * | * | * | * | 100.00% | * |
| | Nebraska | 38,812 | 25.73% | 1.55% | 4.27% | 13.68% | 0.27% | 49.68% | 4.83% |
| 2016 - 2017 | Brown | 15 | * | * | * | * | * | 100.00% | * |
| | Nebraska | 42,290 | 26.90% | 1.66% | 4.40% | 14.22% | 0.24% | 47.66% | 4.92% |
| 2017 - 2018 | Brown | 15 | * | * | * | * | * | 100.00% | * |
| | Nebraska | 46,365 | 26.81% | 1.77% | 4.18% | 14.49% | 0.22% | 47.37% | 2389 |
| 2018 - 2019 | Brown | 12 | * | * | * | * | * | 100.00% | * |
| | Nebraska | 46,356 | 27.64% | 1.76% | 4.16% | 14.71% | 0.23% | 46.27% | 5.23% |

Per the Nebraska Department of Education, the * represents masked data, which they define as 10 or fewer students, for the confidentiality of the students

Table 4.
Disabilities, English Proficiency, Eligibility for Free/Reduced Lunch and School Year (2014 – 2019)

| Year | Geographic Area | Total Count | IDEA | 504 Plan | Limited English Proficiency | Free/Reduced Lunch |
|-----------|-----------------|-------------|-------------------|----------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| 2014-2015 | Brown | 477 | 13.21 % | * | * | 44.86% |
| | Nebraska | 312,281 | 13.66 % | 0.76% | 5.97% | 44.53% |
| 2015-2016 | Brown | 483 | 14.49 % | * | * | 41.82% |
| | Nebraska | 315,542 | 13.64 % | 0.90% | 5.90% | 44.23% |
| 2016-2017 | Brown | 462 | 14.72 % | * | * | 45.02% |
| | Nebraska | 318,853 | 13.80 % | 0.93% | 6.99% | 44.76% |
| 2017-2018 | Brown | 443 | 17.38 % | * | * | 45.82% |
| | Nebraska | 323,391 | 15.87 % | 0.88% | 6.59% | 46.24% |
| 2018-2019 | Brown | 429 | 16.78 % | * | 3.03% | 46.39% |
| | Nebraska | 325,984 | 16.13 % | 0.85% | 6.78% | 45.42% |

Per the Nebraska Department of Education, the * represents masked data, which they define as 10 or fewer students, for the confidentiality of the students

Table 5.
Nebraska Public High School 4-Year Graduation Rates by County (5-year estimates, 2015-2019) ^c

| County | Total in Last 5 Years | | Yearly Averages | | Graduation Rate | Rank |
|--------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------|
| | Graduates | Students | Graduates | Students | | |
| Nebraska | 100,111 | 112,857 | 20,022.2 | 22,571.4 | 88.7% | - |
| Brown | 167 | 177 | 33.4 | 35.4 | 94.4% | 43 |

Data are only for public school districts and their associated high schools. The figures are aggregated based on the location of the school, not the residential location of the student. The figures for Dawes County are impacted by a vocational school where graduation rates are less than 25%; in the rest of the county graduation rates equal 93%.

Table 6.
Youth Who Report Mental Health Symptoms and Substance Use by Grade (2018) ^d

| | | 8 th | 10 th | 12 th |
|--------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| Brown | Loss of sleep from worry | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 18.0% | 20.6% | 21.6% |
| Brown | Depressed | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 31.1% | 34.8% | 35.3% |
| Brown | Considered/Attempted suicide | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 22.9% | 18.2% | 16.2% |
| Brown | Current alcohol | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 9.8% | 20.1% | 34.2% |
| Brown | Current binge drinking | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 1.3% | 6.2% | 15.0% |
| Brown | Current marijuana | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 3.0% | 7.3% | 13.9% |
| Brown | Current tobacco | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 3.7% | 8.0% | 15.3% |
| Brown | Current vaping | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 10.4% | 24.7% | 37.3% |
| Brown | Hopeful for future (past week) | -- | -- | -- |

| | | | | |
|----------|--|-------|-------|-------|
| Nebraska | | 72.1% | 74.7% | 78.4% |
|----------|--|-------|-------|-------|

*Brown County did not participate in the Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey

****JJI is currently waiting for the legal team at DHHS to approve providing this data**

Table 7.

Juveniles Referred to Services ^e

Table 8.

Juveniles Referred to Services by Race/Ethnicity, Gender, and Mental Health Diagnosis ^e

Table 9.

Juveniles Who Utilized Services ^e

Table 10.

Types of Services Utilized ^e

Table 11.

Youth Who Report Gang Involvement by Grade (2018) ^d

| | | 8 th | 10 th | 12 th |
|--------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| Brown | Youth Reported Gang Involvement | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 3.8% | 4.4% | 3.8% |

*Brown County did not participate in the Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey

Table 12.

Arrest Rates for Adults and Juveniles for 2018 and 2019 with Percent Change ^f

| | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|----------|
| Arrestee Age | All Arrestee Ages | Under 18 |
|---------------------|-------------------|----------|

| Summary Arrest Date | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 - 2019 Growth % | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 - 2019 Growth % |
|---|--------------|------|-------------------------|------|------|-------------------------|
| Jurisdiction by Geography | BROWN COUNTY | | | | | |
| Arrest Offense | | | | | | |
| Total | 85 | 50 | -41.18 | 0 | 0 | - |
| Aggravated Assault Total | 3 | 1 | -66.67 | 0 | 0 | - |
| Larceny-Theft Total | 2 | - | -100.00 | 0 | - | - |
| Other Assaults | 5 | 1 | -80.00 | 0 | 0 | - |
| Fraud | 1 | 2 | 100.00 | 0 | 0 | - |
| Embezzlement | - | 1 | - | - | 0 | - |
| Sex Offenses (Except Rape and Prostitution) | 1 | - | -100.00 | 0 | - | - |
| Drug Violations - Sale/Manufacturing | 3 | 5 | 66.67 | 0 | 0 | - |
| Drug Violations - Possession | 34 | 15 | -55.88 | 0 | 0 | - |
| Driving Under the Influence | 29 | 17 | -41.38 | 0 | 0 | - |
| Liquor Laws | 2 | 4 | 100.00 | 0 | 0 | - |
| Disorderly Conduct | 1 | 3 | 200.00 | 0 | 0 | - |
| All Other Offenses (Except Traffic) | 4 | 1 | -75.00 | 0 | 0 | - |

Table 13.
Risk Assessment Domains for Youth Assessed on Diversion (2015 - 2017) ⁹

| Score | Brown | | | All NYS Counties | | |
|-------------------------------|-------|----|----|------------------|-------|-------|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Family Circumstance/Parenting | -- | -- | -- | 60.1% | 26.7% | 13.1% |
| Education/Employment | -- | -- | -- | 43.0% | 44.0% | 13.1% |
| Peer Relationships | -- | -- | -- | 44.7% | 46.6% | 8.6% |

| | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|----|----|----------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Substance Use | -- | -- | -- | 61.4% | 30.3% | 8.3% |
| Leisure/Recreation | -- | -- | -- | 50.6% | 33.0% | 16.5% |
| Personality/Behavior | -- | -- | -- | 50.1% | 39.4% | 10.4% |
| Attitudes/Orientation | -- | -- | -- | 61.3% | 33.7% | 5.0% |
| Mean Score | <i>M = --, SD = --, --</i> | | | <i>M = 5.64, SD = 3.65, 0-17</i> | | |

Could not compute because county did not have any risk assessments completed

Table 14.
Racial and Ethnic Disparities Descriptives (2015-2019) ¹

[Click here to see Census and School Population Data](#)

*Data were not separated by year because there were too few cases

| System Point | N | Amer. Indian/ Alaskan Native | Asian/ Pacific Islander | Black | Hispanic/ Latino | Multiple/ Other | Unspec/ Missing | White |
|----------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------|
| Law enforcement contact | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Youth taken to temporary custody | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Youth issued citation/referral | 9 * | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Youth referred to diversion | 1 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Youth enrolled in diversion | 1 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Successful completion diversion | 1 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Youth with multiple charges | 7 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 14.30% | 85.70 % |

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|--------|----|-----|----|----|--------|---------|
| Filed on in adult court | 6 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 16.70% | 83.30 % |
| RAI Override: More Severe | 4 | 0% | 0% | 75% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 25% |
| RAI Override: Less Severe | 3 | 33.30% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 66.70 % |
| Probation intake | 10 | 10% | 0% | 50% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 40% |
| Successful probation | 26 | 7.70% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 92.30 % |
| Revocation of probation | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Youth in OJS custody | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| OJS custody: placed in detention | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Youth booked into detention | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Youth booked into detention more than once | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |

*Brown County sheriff did not report to NCC in 2017

Family Level

- Boyd County has a higher rate of poverty compared to the state
- Number of people with bachelor's degrees is lower compared to the state; this could be a result of residents going to college in a different community and not returning to Brown County.
- The number of youth with access to computers is higher than the state average as is access to internet (ranked 6th overall).
- Almost $\frac{3}{4}$ of abuse/neglect cases are unfounded.

Table 15.
 Poverty/SES, Educational Attainment, Technology and Computers in Home, Housing, and
 Transportation (5-year estimates, 2014-2018) ^a

| Measurement | | Brown | Nebraska |
|---|---|-------|----------|
| Poverty/SES | Children <18 in Poverty | 21.5% | 14.8% |
| | Number of children 12-17 below 185% poverty | 120 | 43,814 |
| | Percent of children 12-17 below 185% poverty | 56.9% | 28.9% |
| | | | |
| Educational attainment | Age 25+ with B.D. | 19.8% | 31.3% |
| | County rank | 61 | - |
| | Age 25+ with some college, no degree | 22.2% | 23.0% |
| | County rank | 72 | - |
| | Age 25+ with HS degree | 92.0% | 91.1% |
| | County Rank | 54 | - |
| | | | |
| Technology and computers in the home | % under 18 with a computer at home | 99.3% | 96.9% |
| | County rank | 35 | - |
| | % under 18 with an internet subscription at home | 97.5% | 91.0% |
| | County rank | 6 | - |
| | % under 18 with broadband internet access at home | 97.5% | 90.8% |
| | County Rank | 6 | - |
| | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|---------|
| Housing | Owner-occupied households | 1,064 | 498,567 |
| | Total households | 1,434 | 754,063 |
| | Owner % | 74.2% | 66.1% |
| | Renters | 370 | 255,496 |
| | Renter % | 25.8% | 33.9% |
| Transportation | Households with no vehicle available | 55 | 40,465 |
| | Total households | 1,434 | 754,063 |
| | No vehicle % | 3.8% | 5.4% |
| | | | |

Table 16.
Youth Who Report Supportive Adults by Grade (2018) ^d

| | | 8 th | 10 th | 12 th |
|--------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| Brown | Adult at home who listens | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 87.3% | 85.0% | 85.6% |
| Brown | Adult at school who listens | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 85.2% | 85.0% | 87.4% |

*Brown County did not participate in the Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey

Table 17.
Domestic Violence Reports and Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means ^h

| | Aggravated Domestic Assaults Reported | Aggravated Domestic Assaults Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means | Simple Domestic Assaults Reported | Simple Domestic Assaults Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|
| Brown | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nebraska | 562 | 402 | 2512 | 2019 |

Table 18.
Child Abuse and Neglect Reports ⁱ

| | Abuse/Neglect Calls | Reports Assessed | Substantiated | Unfounded |
|--------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------|------------|
| Brown | 75 | 36% | 15% | 70% |
| Nebraska | 36,480 | 33.4% | 16.0% | 68.3% |

Community Level

- Juvenile record sealing is not “automatic” even if statute requires it to seal. Sealing a record requires administrative staff to initiate the process. Dismissed or dropped cases should be sealed at a rate of 100%. All others should be sealed at the rate to which youth successfully complete their court requirements (completion of diversion, probation, restorative practice, or other treatment). Yearly data is available in the Appendix to see if the rate has improved because of legislation, but newer cases should naturally have lower rates of sealing than older cases.
- Data for race and ethnicity at each juvenile justice system point is imperative for an accurate Racial and Ethnic Disparities (RED) analysis. The court trial database (JUSTICE) has a high rate of missing data by race/ethnicity in this county.

Table 19.
Community Violence Measured by Arrests for Violent Crime (2019) ^j

| Type of Violence | Brown | Nebraska |
|--------------------------------------|-------|----------|
| Murder and Nonnegligent manslaughter | 0 | 34 |
| Rape | 0 | 264 |
| Robbery | 0 | 367 |
| Aggravated Assault | 1 | 1,639 |
| Other Assaults | 1 | 8,782 |

Table 20.
Youth Perceptions of Community Attitudes on Substance Use by Grade (2018) ^d

| | | 8 th | 10 th | 12 th |
|--------------|------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| Brown | Wrong/very wrong – Marijuana | -- | -- | -- |

| | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Nebraska | | 94.4% | 89.8% | 85.2% |
| Brown | Wrong/very wrong – alcohol | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 89.1% | 80.4% | 68.7% |
| Brown | Wrong/very wrong – cigarettes | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 92.9% | 89.0% | 78.7% |

*Brown County did not participate in the Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey

Table 21.
Juvenile Court Record Sealing Analysis (2015 – 2019) ^m

see [Appendix for yearly data](#)

| | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | 35 | 49 | 71.4% |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Juv. Court | 95 | 129 | 73.6% |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | 14 | 17 | 82.4% |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Total | 144 | 199 | 72.4% |

*Cases offered diversion, mediation or RJ are not available data points in in JUSTICE. All cases filed in adult court and transferred to juvenile court overlapped with cases that were filed in adult court as a misdemeanor or infraction; as such, they were omitted from analysis

Policy, Legal and System Level

- This county is not a county required to provide counsel under statute; notably, access to counsel is very low in this community. With respect to diversion practices, the community may want to consider a few things:
 - Allowing warning letters for the lowest risk youth
 - It is not clear why all first-time offenders are not referred to diversion but perhaps this is due to the ineligible offenses.

Table 22.
Percent of Youth in Juvenile Court Who Had Access to Counsel (2018) ⁿ

| | Brown | Nebraska |
|-------------------|------------|----------|
| Access to Counsel | 20.0-39.9% | 73.5% |

Neb. Rev. 43-272. Right to counsel; appointment; payment; guardian ad litem; appointment; when; duties; standards for guardians ad litem; standards for attorneys who practice in juvenile court.

(1)(a) In counties having a population of less than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, when any juvenile shall be brought without counsel before a juvenile court, the court shall advise such juvenile and his or her parent or guardian of their right to retain counsel and shall inquire of such juvenile and his or her parent or guardian as to whether they desire to retain counsel.

(b) In counties having a population of one hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants, when any juvenile court petition is filed alleging jurisdiction of a juvenile pursuant to subdivision (1), (2), (3)(b), or (4) of section 43-247, counsel shall be appointed for such juvenile.

Table 23.
Frequency of Youth with a Curfew Violation (2015 – 2019) ^m

| | Brown | Nebraska |
|--|-------|----------|
|--|-------|----------|

| | | |
|---------------------|---|-----|
| Curfew Court Filing | 0 | 352 |
|---------------------|---|-----|

Table 24.
Court Filing for 3A, 3B, and 3C cases (2015 – 2019) ^m

| | Brown | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Filed Subtype | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | Total |
| 3A- Homeless/Neglect | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3B – Absenteeism/Truancy | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 3B - Uncontrollable | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| 3C – Mentally Ill and Dangerous | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| | Nebraska | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Filed Subtype | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | Total |
| 3A- Homeless/Neglect | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 7 |
| 3B – Absenteeism/Truancy | 96 | 510 | 493 | 423 | 475 | 1997 |
| 3B - Uncontrollable | 47 | 118 | 125 | 119 | 82 | 491 |
| 3C – Mentally Ill and Dangerous | 22 | 48 | 37 | 22 | 23 | 306 |

Table 25.
County Diversion Procedures and Protocols Compared to Statewide Responses (2020) ^o

| | Brown | Nebraska * |
|---|-------|---|
| Refer ALL juveniles who are first time offenders to diversion | No | Yes: 27.3% No: 63.6% Not sure: 9.1% |

| | | |
|--|---|---|
| File a juvenile's charges at the time of the referral to diversion | No | Yes: 18.2% No: 70.5% Not sure: 11.4% |
| File a juvenile's charges if they are unsuccessful on diversion | Not sure | Always: 47.7% Sometimes: 47.7% Not sure: 4.5% |
| Allow a juvenile to complete diversion more than once | Yes | Yes: 61.4% No: 34.1% Not sure: 4.5% |
| Charges/offenses that make a juvenile ineligible for diversion | No | Yes: 86.4% No: 9.1% Not sure: 4.5% |
| Warning letters instead of intervention | No | Yes: 27.3% No: 61.4% Not sure: 11.4% |
| Currently drug test | No | Yes: 31.8% No: 65.9% Not sure: 2.3% |
| Fees beyond restitution | Yes; \$100 (but can be waived or reduced, if needed) | Yes: 86.4% No: 13.6% Not sure: 0.0% |
| Use of graduated responses prior to discharge | Yes; may include additional activities, depending on what they are not compliant with | Yes: 47.7% No: 25.0% Not sure: 27.3% |
| Sealing diversion records | Yes; sealed at successful completion and records are sealed when closed in JCMS | Yes: 59.1% No: 22.7% Not sure: 18.2% |

*responses included 44 juvenile diversion programs; representing 68 counties/tribe (91.9% response rate)

Community Team Level

- A community lead should be able to get roughly a 75% response, to ensure active participation on planning issues, your response rate was 75.0%.
- Mean score on Collective Impact is higher than in 2019 and higher than the state average in all areas
- The community team should be representative of the population of that community but should also include diversity. It might be beneficial to add diverse member to your team (especially because of the patterns of over and under representation.)
 - This pertains to gender as well as race/ethnicity.
- On the survey –no probation, law enforcement, attorneys, treatment providers, child welfare, or elected officials in your team—but perhaps they did not respond to the survey.
 - The number of people on the team the survey was sent to is small, so you may want to consider growing the team to include other system points.
- 1/3 of people who responded indicated they do not feel heard on the team.

Table 26.
Collective Impact Survey Response Rates ^P

| Year of survey | Holt/Boyd/Brown | | Nebraska | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------|----------|-------|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 |
| Number of surveys sent | 11 | 8 | 1407 | 780 |
| Number of completed surveys | 6 | 6 | 221 | 345 |
| Response rate | 54.6% | 75.0% | 28.3% | 24.5% |

Table 27.
Collective Impact Survey Scores ^P

| Year of survey | Holt/Boyd/Brown | | Nebraska | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|------|------------|------|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 |
| | Mean Score | | Mean Score | |
| Common agenda | 5.17 | 6.17 | 5.29 | 5.69 |
| Mutually reinforcing | 4.75 | 5.83 | 5.37 | 5.50 |
| Shared measurement | 4.71 | 5.83 | 5.21 | 5.45 |
| Continuous communication | 4.94 | 5.83 | 5.49 | 5.55 |
| Backbone agency | 4.95 | 6.00 | 5.52 | 5.78 |

The five elements of Collective Impact are:

- **Common agenda:** Participants have a shared vision and common understanding of both the problem and potential solutions to that problem.
- **Mutually reinforcing activities:** Participant activities must be differentiated while still being coordinated through a mutually reinforcing plan of action.
- **Shared measurement:** Collecting data and measuring results consistently across all participants ensures efforts remain aligned and participants hold each other accountable.
- **Continuous communication:** Consistent and open communication is needed across stakeholders to build trust, assure mutual objectives, and create common motivation.
- **Backbone support:** Creating and managing Collective Impact often requires a separate organization(s) with staff and a specific set of skills to serve as the backbone for the entire initiative and to coordinate participating organizations ⁹

Table 28.
Community Planning Team Diversity ^P

| | Holt/Boyd/Brown | | Nebraska | |
|---------------|-----------------|-------|----------|-------|
| | N = 6 | (%) | N = 345 | (%) |
| Gender | | | | |
| Male | -- | -- | 101 | 29.3% |
| Female | 6 | 100% | 229 | 66.4% |
| Missing | -- | -- | 15 | 4.3% |
| | | | | |
| Age | | | | |
| Under 30 | -- | -- | 19 | 5.6% |
| 30-39 | 1 | 16.7% | 68 | 19.6% |
| 40-49 | 1 | 16.7% | 88 | 25.4% |
| 50-59 | 2 | 33.3% | 90 | 25.8% |

| | | | | |
|--|----|-------|-----|-------|
| 60 and over | 2 | 33.3% | 44 | 13% |
| Missing | -- | -- | 36 | 10.4% |
| Race/Ethnicity | | | | |
| White | 5 | 83.3% | 230 | 66.7% |
| Black | -- | -- | 10 | 2.9% |
| Hispanic | -- | -- | 13 | 3.8% |
| Native American | -- | -- | 6 | 1.7% |
| Asian | -- | -- | 1 | 0.3% |
| Other | -- | -- | 2 | 0.6% |
| Provided town name | 1 | 16.7% | 63 | 18.3% |
| Missing | -- | -- | 19 | 5.5% |
| Previous System Involvement | | | | |
| Yes | 2 | 33.3% | 98 | 28.4% |
| No | 4 | 66.7% | 242 | 70.1% |
| Missing | -- | -- | 5 | 1.4% |
| System Point * | | | | |
| Law enforcement | 1 | 11.1% | 34 | 7.8% |
| County attorney/ juvenile court | -- | -- | 32 | 7.3% |
| K-12 or secondary education | 2 | 22.2% | 65 | 14.9% |
| Ministry/faith based | -- | -- | 10 | 2.3% |
| Diversion | 2 | 22.2% | 55 | 12.6% |
| Probation | 2 | 22.2% | 31 | 7.1% |
| Public defender/ defense counsel/ guardian ad litem | -- | -- | 8 | 1.8% |
| DHHS or Child Welfare | -- | -- | 13 | 3.0% |

| | | | | |
|--------------------------------|----|-------|-----|-------|
| Treatment provider | -- | -- | 40 | 9.2% |
| Post adjudication or detention | -- | -- | 8 | 1.8% |
| Community based program | 2 | 22.2% | 109 | 25.0% |
| Elected official or government | -- | -- | 6 | 1.4% |
| Restorative practices | -- | -- | 6 | 1.4% |
| Backbone or system improvement | -- | -- | 3 | 0.7% |
| Other | -- | -- | 16 | 3.7% |
| | | | | |
| Voice on Team | | | | |
| Feel heard | 4 | 66.7% | 270 | 78.3% |
| Do not feel heard | 2 | 33.3% | 75 | 21.7% |

Boyd $n = 2$, Brown $n = 1$, Holt $n = 6$ (two people named more than one county they represent).

*note. Team members could have selected more than one system point; as such, they do not add up to 100%

References and Resources

^a **Population data:** Table B01001 race series, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on July 10, 2020

^a **Youth employment:** Table B23001, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on July 10, 2020

^a **Poverty/SES:** Table B10724, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 3-18-2020

^a **Technology in household:** Table B28005, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Compiled by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 8-11-20

^a **Home owner/transportation:** Table B25045, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 8-11-20

^a **Education attainment:** Table B15002, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 3-18-2020

^b **School membership, chronic absenteeism, student disability, and free/reduced lunch:** Prepared by Sara Simonsen, Nebraska Department of Education

^c **Graduation rates:** Special Tabulation by Sara Simonsen, Nebraska Department of Education

Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 7-24-2020

^d **Mental health, Substance use, gang, and community perceptions of substance use:** Bureau of Sociological Research, Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey:

<https://bosr.unl.edu/current-nrpfss-county-level-data>

^e **Referral to and utilization of services:** Department of Health and Human Services

^f **Adult and juvenile arrests:** Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics:

<https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx>

^g Diversion programs

^h **Domestic violence:** Nebraska Crime Commission, Domestic Assault:

https://ncc.nebraska.gov/sites/ncc.nebraska.gov/files/doc/2019%20Domestic%20Assault%20and%20Arrest%20by%20County_0.pdf

ⁱ Child abuse and neglect

^j **Community violence:** Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics:

<https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx>

^k **Distance to detention facility:** Google Maps

^l **Racial and ethnic disparities:** Prepared by Mitch Herian, University of Nebraska-Lincoln with data provided by:

Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics:

<https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx>

Nebraska Crime Commission, Juvenile Case Management System

Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE

Nebraska Judicial Branch, Juvenile Services Division

^m **Court Filings and Juvenile Record Sealing:** Data provided by the Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE. Prepared by: Lindsey Wylie, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute on 9-1-20

ⁿ **Access to Counsel:** Kids County in Nebraska Report, Voices for Children, retrieved from: www.voicesforchildren.com/kidscount. Data originally from Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE

^o **Diversion procedures and protocols:** Diversion survey distributed to Juvenile Diversion programs, 2020. Prepared by: Lindsey Wylie, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute

^p **Collective impact:** Collective impact surveys distributed to Community Planning Teams, 2019 and 2020. Prepared by: Anne Hobbs and Erin Wasserburger, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute

^q **Collective Impact Elements:** Kania, J., & Kramer, M. (2011). *Collective Impact*. *Stanford Social Innovation Review*.

Appendix: Sealed Records by Year

*Cases offered diversion, mediation or RJ are not available data points in in JUSTICE. All cases filed in adult court and transferred to juvenile court overlapped with cases that were filed in adult court as a misdemeanor or infraction; as such, they were omitted from analysis

| 2015 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | -- | -- | -- |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Juv. Court | 32 | 39 | 82.1% |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | 3 | 3 | 100.0% |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Total | 35 | 42 | 83.3% |

| 2016 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | 0 | 1 | 0.0% |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Juv. Court | 23 | 31 | 74.2% |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | 1 | 4 | 25.0% |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Total | 24 | 40 | 60.0% |

| 2017 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|-------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
|-------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|

| 2018 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | 22 | 24 | 91.7% |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Juv. Court | 13 | 26 | 50.0% |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | 4 | 4 | 100.0% |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Total | 39 | 54 | 72.2% |
| Dismissed or Dropped | 12 | 12 | 100.0% |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Juv. Court | 27 | 29 | 93.1% |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | 3 | 3 | 100.0% |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Total | 42 | 44 | 95.5% |

| 2019 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | 1 | 12 | 8.3% |

| | | | |
|--|----|----|--------|
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Juv. Court | 0 | 4 | 0.0% |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | 3 | 3 | 100.0% |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Total | 4 | 19 | 21.1% |

Boyd County

| | |
|--|-----------|
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Youth Level

- While we could not get race/ethnicity data for chronic absenteeism in this community because the frequency was too low to report, Hispanic, Native American, and Black youth are over-represented statewide in chronic absenteeism.
- Boyd County has higher than state averages of youth who qualify for free/reduced lunch, a little more than ½ of the students in the last five years.
- Graduation rates are very high for Boyd County the last 5 years.
- This community has not participated in the NRPFS since 2010 and should consider participating in the next survey year (2020) to get youth-level data on mental health, gangs, supportive adults and community perceptions of substance use.
- There is no arrest data for Boyd County as it was not reported to the NCC.
- JJI did not have risk assessment scores for diversion from the 2015-2017 assessment evaluation to include. If the county is not using a validated assessment tool, then it should begin doing so (there will be a statewide tool coming in July 2021). If the county does have assessment data in digital format for JJI to analyze, we would be happy to update this table.
- Law enforcement data by race and ethnicity would be very beneficial to have a clearer picture of RED. Compared to the overall population of Boyd County, Black youth are overrepresented at probation overrides, intake, and revocation.

Table 1.

Distribution of the Population Age 10-17 by Race/Ethnicity and Gender (5-year estimates, 2014-2018) ^a

Males

| Geographic Area | Total Count | Non-Hispanic White | Hispanic or Latino | Black | American Indian | Asian or Pacific Islander | 2+ Races |
|-----------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Nebraska | 108,494 | 70.4% | 16.2% | 5.7% | 1.4% | 2.0% | 4.4% |
| Boyd | 114 | 91.2% | 2.6% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 6.1% |

Females

| Geographic Area | Total Count | Non-Hispanic White | Hispanic or Latino | Black | American Indian | Asian or Pacific Islander | 2+ Races |
|-----------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Nebraska | 102,658 | 70.4% | 16.2% | 5.7% | 1.4% | 2.0% | 4.4% |
| Boyd | 124 | 91.1% | 0.0% | 2.4% | 3.2% | 0.0% | 3.2% |

[Click here to go back to RED analysis](#)

Table 2.

School Membership by Race/ Ethnicity and School Year (2014-2019) ^b

| Year | Geographic Area | Total Count | Hispanic | Asian | American Indian or Alaska Native | Black or African American | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific islander | White | Two or More Races |
|-------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---|---------------|-------------------|
| 2014 - 2015 | Boyd | 349 | 2.58% | 0.29% | 2.58% | 0.57% | 0.29% | 91.69% | 2.01% |
| | Nebraska | 312,281 | 17.74% | 2.43% | 1.42% | 6.70% | 0.13% | 68.20% | 3.38% |
| 2015 - 2016 | Boyd | 352 | 2.84% | 0.00% | 0.85% | 0.57% | 0.28% | 92.90% | 2.56% |
| | Nebraska | 315,542 | 18.08% | 2.53% | 1.38% | 6.67% | 0.14% | 67.72% | 3.47% |
| 2016 - 2017 | Boyd | 335 | 2.99% | 0.00% | 1.19% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 92.84% | 2.99% |
| | Nebraska | 318,853 | 18.61% | 2.66% | 1.38% | 6.69% | 0.15% | 66.92% | 3.59% |
| 2017 - 2018 | Boyd | 342 | 5.26% | 0.00% | 1.17% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 91.52% | 2.05% |
| | Nebraska | 323,391 | 18.80% | 2.76% | 1.35% | 6.67% | 0.14% | 66.50% | 3.78% |
| 2018 - 2019 | Boyd | 343 | 5.54% | 0.00% | 1.46% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 90.67% | 2.33% |
| | Nebraska | 325,984 | 19.13% | 2.83% | 1.33% | 6.63% | 0.15% | 66.02% | 3.91% |

Table 3.

Chronic Absenteeism by Race/Ethnicity and School Year (2014 - 2019) ^b

| Year | Geographic Area | Total Youth with Chronic Absenteeism | Hispanic | Asian | American Indian or Alaska Native | Black or African American | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | White | Two or More Races |
|-------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|----------|-------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---|---------|-------------------|
| 2014 - 2015 | Boyd | 14 | * | * | * | * | * | 100.00% | * |
| | Nebraska | 35,638 | 24.54% | 1.64% | 4.42% | 12.93% | 0.19% | 51.61% | 4.68% |
| 2015 - 2016 | Boyd | 18 | * | * | * | * | * | 100.00% | * |
| | Nebraska | 38,812 | 25.73% | 1.55% | 4.27% | 13.68% | 0.27% | 49.68% | 4.83% |
| 2016 - 2017 | Boyd | 16 | * | * | * | * | * | 100.00% | * |
| | Nebraska | 42,290 | 26.90% | 1.66% | 4.40% | 14.22% | 0.24% | 47.66% | 4.92% |
| 2017 - 2018 | Boyd | 21 | * | * | * | * | * | 100.00% | * |
| | Nebraska | 46,365 | 26.81% | 1.77% | 4.18% | 14.49% | 0.22% | 47.37% | 2389 |
| 2018 - 2019 | Boyd | 15 | * | * | * | * | * | 100.00% | * |
| | Nebraska | 46,356 | 27.64% | 1.76% | 4.16% | 14.71% | 0.23% | 46.27% | 5.23% |

Per the Nebraska Department of Education, the * represents masked data, which they define as 10 or fewer students, for the confidentiality of the students

Table 4.
Disabilities, English Proficiency, Eligibility for Free/Reduced Lunch and School Year (2014 – 2019) ^b

| Year | Geographic Area | Total Count | IDEA | 504 Plan | Limited English Proficiency | Free/Reduced Lunch |
|-----------|-----------------|-------------|----------------|----------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| 2014-2015 | Boyd | 349 | 14.33 % | * | * | 53.30% |
| | Nebraska | 312,281 | 13.66 % | 0.76% | 5.97% | 44.53% |
| 2015-2016 | Boyd | 352 | 12.78 % | * | * | 51.70% |
| | Nebraska | 315,542 | 13.64 % | 0.90% | 5.90% | 44.23% |
| 2016-2017 | Boyd | 335 | 12.84 % | * | * | 57.01% |
| | Nebraska | 318,853 | 13.80 % | 0.93% | 6.99% | 44.76% |
| 2017-2018 | Boyd | 342 | 12.87 % | * | * | 54.97% |
| | Nebraska | 323,391 | 15.87 % | 0.88% | 6.59% | 46.24% |
| 2018-2019 | Boyd | 343 | 13.41 % | * | * | 60.35% |
| | Nebraska | 325,984 | 16.13 % | 0.85% | 6.78% | 45.42% |

Per the Nebraska Department of Education, the * represents masked data, which they define as 10 or fewer students, for the confidentiality of the students

Table 5.
Nebraska Public High School 4-Year Graduation Rates by County (5-year estimates, 2015-2019) ^c

| County | Total in Last 5 Years | | Yearly Averages | | Graduation Rate | Rank |
|-------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------|
| | Graduates | Students | Graduates | Students | | |
| Nebraska | 100,111 | 112,857 | 20,022.2 | 22,571.4 | 88.7% | - |
| Boyd | 111 | 117 | 23.6 | 24.4 | 94.9% | 38 |

Data are only for public school districts and their associated high schools. The figures are aggregated based on the location of the school, not the residential location of the student. The figures for Dawes

County are impacted by a vocational school where graduation rates are less than 25%; in the rest of the county graduation rates equal 93%.

Table 6.
Youth Who Report Mental Health Symptoms and Substance Use by Grade (2018) ^d

| | | 8 th | 10 th | 12 th |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| Boyd | Loss of sleep from worry | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 18.0% | 20.6% | 21.6% |
| Boyd | Depressed | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 31.1% | 34.8% | 35.3% |
| Boyd | Considered/Attempted suicide | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 22.9% | 18.2% | 16.2% |
| Boyd | Current alcohol | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 9.8% | 20.1% | 34.2% |
| Boyd | Current binge drinking | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 1.3% | 6.2% | 15.0% |
| Boyd | Current marijuana | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 3.0% | 7.3% | 13.9% |
| Boyd | Current tobacco | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 3.7% | 8.0% | 15.3% |
| Boyd | Current vaping | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 10.4% | 24.7% | 37.3% |
| Boyd | Hopeful for future (past week) | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 72.1% | 74.7% | 78.4% |

*Boyd County did not participate in the Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey (last was 2010)

**JJI is currently waiting for the legal team at DHHS to approve providing this data

Table 7.

Juveniles Referred to Services ^e

Table 8.

Juveniles Referred to Services by Race/Ethnicity, Gender, and Mental Health Diagnosis ^e

Table 9.

Juveniles Who Utilized Services ^e

Table 10.

Types of Services Utilized ^e

Table 11.

Youth Who Report Gang Involvement by Grade (2018) ^d

| | | 8 th | 10 th | 12 th |
|-------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| Boyd | Youth Reported Gang Involvement | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 3.8% | 4.4% | 3.8% |

*Boyd County did not participate in the Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey (last was 2010)

Table 12.

Arrest Rates for Adults and Juveniles for 2018 and 2019 with Percent Change ^f

| Arrestee Age | All Arrestee Ages | | | Under 18 | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|------|-------------------------|----------|------|-------------------------|
| Summary Arrest Date | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 - 2019 Growth % | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 - 2019 Growth % |
| Jurisdiction by Geography | BOYD COUNTY | | | | | |
| Arrest Offense | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|---------|---|---|---|
| Total | 2 | 2 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | - |
| Driving Under the Influence | 1 | - | -100.00 | 0 | - | - |
| Liquor Laws | 1 | 1 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | - |
| All Other Offenses (Except Traffic) | - | 1 | - | - | 0 | - |

Table 13.
Risk Assessment Domains for Youth Assessed on Diversion (2015 - 2017) ^g

| Score | Boyd | | | All NYS Counties | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|----|----|----------------------------------|-------|-------|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Family Circumstance/Parenting | -- | -- | -- | 60.1% | 26.7% | 13.1% |
| Education/Employment | -- | -- | -- | 43.0% | 44.0% | 13.1% |
| Peer Relationships | -- | -- | -- | 44.7% | 46.6% | 8.6% |
| Substance Use | -- | -- | -- | 61.4% | 30.3% | 8.3% |
| Leisure/Recreation | -- | -- | -- | 50.6% | 33.0% | 16.5% |
| Personality/Behavior | -- | -- | -- | 50.1% | 39.4% | 10.4% |
| Attitudes/Orientation | -- | -- | -- | 61.3% | 33.7% | 5.0% |
| Mean Score | <i>M = --, SD = --, --</i> | | | <i>M = 5.64, SD = 3.65, 0-17</i> | | |

Could not compute because county did not have any risk assessments completed

Table 14.
Racial and Ethnic Disparities Descriptives (2015-2019) ¹

[Click here to see Census and School Population Data](#)

*Data were not separated by year because there were too few cases

| System Point | N | Amer. Indian/ Alaskan Native | Asian/ Pacific Islander | Black | Hispanic/ Latino | Multiple/ Other | Unspec/ Missing | White |
|----------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------|
| Law enforcement contact | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Youth taken to temporary custody | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Youth issued citation/referral | 0 * | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Youth referred to diversion | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Youth enrolled in diversion | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Successful completion diversion | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Youth with multiple charges | 1 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Filed on in adult court | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% |
| RAI Override: More Severe | 0 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| RAI Override: Less Severe | 1 | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Probation intake | 2 | 0% | 0% | 50% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 50% |

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|----|----|--------|----|----|----|--------|
| Successful probation | 1 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Revocation of probation | 8 | 0% | 0% | 12.50% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 87.50% |
| Youth in OJS custody | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| OJS custody: placed in detention | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Youth booked into detention | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Youth booked into detention more than once | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |

*Boyd County sheriff did not report to NCC 2015 - 2018

Family Level

- Boyd County has a higher rate of extreme poverty compared to the state
- Number of people with bachelor's degrees is lower compared to the state; this could be a result of residents going to college in a different community and not returning to Boyd County.
- The number of youth with access to computers is higher than the state average (100% - great!) and access to internet is higher.
- ¾ of abuse/neglect cases are unfounded.

Table 15.
Poverty/SES, Educational Attainment, Technology and Computers in Home, Housing, and Transportation (5-year estimates, 2014-2018) ^a

| Measurement | | Boyd | Nebraska |
|--------------------|---|------|----------|
| Poverty/SES | Children <18 in Poverty | 6.8% | 14.8% |
| | Number of children 12-17 below 185% poverty | 108 | 43,814 |

| | | | |
|---|---|--------|---------|
| | Percent of children 12-17 below 185% poverty | 57.8% | 28.9% |
| | | | |
| Educational attainment | Age 25+ with B.D. | 18.2% | 31.3% |
| | County rank | 73 | - |
| | Age 25+ with some college, no degree | 22.8% | 23.0% |
| | County rank | 64 | - |
| | Age 25+ with HS degree | 94.6% | 91.1% |
| | County Rank | 19 | - |
| | | | |
| Technology and computers in the home | % under 18 with a computer at home | 100.0% | 96.9% |
| | County rank | 1 | - |
| | % under 18 with an internet subscription at home | 91.0% | 91.0% |
| | County rank | 50 | - |
| | % under 18 with broadband internet access at home | 91.0% | 90.8% |
| | County Rank | 45 | - |
| | | | |
| Housing | Owner-occupied households | 734 | 498,567 |
| | Total households | 903 | 754,063 |
| | Owner % | 81.3% | 66.1% |
| | Renters | 169 | 255,496 |
| | Renter % | 18.7% | 33.9% |

| | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|------|---------|
| Transportation | Households with no vehicle available | 38 | 40,465 |
| | Total households | 903 | 754,063 |
| | No vehicle % | 4.2% | 5.4% |
| | | | |

Table 16.
Youth Who Report Supportive Adults by Grade (2018) ^d

| | | 8 th | 10 th | 12 th |
|-------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| Boyd | Adult at home who listens | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 87.3% | 85.0% | 85.6% |
| Boyd | Adult at school who listens | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 85.2% | 85.0% | 87.4% |

*Boyd County did not participate in the Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey (last was 2010)

Table 17.
Domestic Violence Reports and Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means ^h

| | Aggravated Domestic Assaults Reported | Aggravated Domestic Assaults Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means | Simple Domestic Assaults Reported | Simple Domestic Assaults Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|
| Boyd | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nebraska | 562 | 402 | 2512 | 2019 |

Table 18.
Child Abuse and Neglect Reports ⁱ

| | Abuse/Neglect Calls | Reports Assessed | Substantiated | Unfounded |
|-------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------|------------|
| Boyd | 16 | 56% | 0% | 78% |

| | | | | |
|----------|--------|-------|-------|-------|
| Nebraska | 36,480 | 33.4% | 16.0% | 68.3% |
|----------|--------|-------|-------|-------|

Community Level

- Boyd County has 100% of dismissed or dropped cases being sealed.
 - Juvenile record sealing is not “automatic” even if statute requires it to seal. Sealing a record requires administrative staff to initiate the process. Dismissed or dropped cases should be sealed at a rate of 100%. All others should be sealed at the rate to which youth successfully complete their court requirements (completion of diversion, probation, restorative practice, or other treatment). Yearly data is available in the Appendix to see if the rate has improved because of legislation, but newer cases should naturally have lower rates of sealing than older cases.
- Data for race and ethnicity at each juvenile justice system point is imperative for an accurate Racial and Ethnic Disparities (RED) analysis. The court trial database (JUSTICE) has a high rate of missing data by race/ethnicity in this county.

Table 19.
Community Violence Measured by Arrests for Violent Crime (2019) ^j

| Type of Violence | Boyd | Nebraska |
|--------------------------------------|------|----------|
| Murder and Nonnegligent manslaughter | -- | 34 |
| Rape | -- | 264 |
| Robbery | -- | 367 |
| Aggravated Assault | -- | 1,639 |
| Other Assaults | -- | 8,782 |

Data reported as 0, or not reported

Table 20.
Youth Perceptions of Community Attitudes on Substance Use by Grade (2018) ^d

| | | 8 th | 10 th | 12 th |
|-------------|------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| Boyd | Wrong/very wrong – Marijuana | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 94.4% | 89.8% | 85.2% |

| | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Boyd | Wrong/very wrong – alcohol | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 89.1% | 80.4% | 68.7% |
| Boyd | Wrong/very wrong – cigarettes | -- | -- | -- |
| Nebraska | | 92.9% | 89.0% | 78.7% |

*Boyd County did not participate in the Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey (last was 2010)

Table 21.
Juvenile Court Record Sealing Analysis (2015 – 2019) ^m

see [Appendix for yearly data](#)

| | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | 11 | 11 | 100.0% |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Juv. Court | 20 | 30 | 66.7% |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | 7 | 7 | 100.0% |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | 0 | 3 | 0.0% |
| Total | 38 | 51 | 74.5% |

*Cases offered diversion, mediation or RJ are not available data points in in JUSTICE. Many cases filed in adult court and transferred to juvenile court overlapped with cases that were filed in adult court as a misdemeanor or infraction; as such, they were omitted from analysis

Policy, Legal and System Level

- This county is not a county required to provide counsel under statute; we were not able to get data regarding access to counsel for Boyd County.
- With respect to diversion practices, the community may want to consider a few things:
 - Allowing warning letters for the lowest risk youth
 - It is not clear why all first-time offenders are not referred to diversion but perhaps this is due to the ineligible offenses.

Table 22.
Percent of Youth in Juvenile Court Who Had Access to Counsel (2018) ⁿ

| | Boyd | Nebraska |
|-------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| Access to Counsel | No Juvenile Court Cases | 73.5% |

Neb. Rev. 43-272. Right to counsel; appointment; payment; guardian ad litem; appointment; when; duties; standards for guardians ad litem; standards for attorneys who practice in juvenile court.

(1)(a) In counties having a population of less than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, when any juvenile shall be brought without counsel before a juvenile court, the court shall advise such juvenile and his or her parent or guardian of their right to retain counsel and shall inquire of such juvenile and his or her parent or guardian as to whether they desire to retain counsel.

(b) In counties having a population of one hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants, when any juvenile court petition is filed alleging jurisdiction of a juvenile pursuant to subdivision (1), (2), (3)(b), or (4) of section 43-247, counsel shall be appointed for such juvenile.

Table 23.
Frequency of Youth with a Curfew Violation (2015 – 2019) ^m

| | Boyd | Nebraska |
|---------------------|------|----------|
| Curfew Court Filing | 0 | 352 |

Table 24.
Court Filing for 3A, 3B, and 3C cases (2015 – 2019) ^m

| | Boyd | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Filed Subtype | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | Total |
| 3A- Homeless/Neglect | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3B – Absenteeism/Truancy | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3B – Uncontrollable | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 3C – Mentally Ill and Dangerous | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

| | Nebraska | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Filed Subtype | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | Total |
| 3A- Homeless/Neglect | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 7 |
| 3B – Absenteeism/Truancy | 96 | 510 | 493 | 423 | 475 | 1997 |
| 3B – Uncontrollable | 47 | 118 | 125 | 119 | 82 | 491 |
| 3C – Mentally Ill and Dangerous | 22 | 48 | 37 | 22 | 23 | 306 |

Table 25.
County Diversion Procedures and Protocols Compared to Statewide Responses (2020) ^o

| | Boyd | Nebraska * |
|--|------|--|
| Refer ALL juveniles who are first time offenders to diversion | No | Yes: 27.3% No: 63.6% Not sure: 9.1% |
| File a juvenile's charges at the time of the referral to diversion | No | Yes: 18.2% No: 70.5% Not sure: 11.4% |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| File a juvenile's charges if they are unsuccessful on diversion | Not sure | Always: 47.7% Sometimes: 47.7% Not sure: 4.5% |
| Allow a juvenile to complete diversion more than once | Yes | Yes: 61.4% No: 34.1% Not sure: 4.5% |
| Charges/offenses that make a juvenile ineligible for diversion | No | Yes: 86.4% No: 9.1% Not sure: 4.5% |
| Warning letters instead of intervention | No | Yes: 27.3% No: 61.4% Not sure: 11.4% |
| Currently drug test | No | Yes: 31.8% No: 65.9% Not sure: 2.3% |
| Fees beyond restitution | Yes; \$100 (but can be waived or reduced, if needed) | Yes: 86.4% No: 13.6% Not sure: 0.0% |
| Use of graduated responses prior to discharge | Yes; may include additional activities, depending on what they are not compliant with | Yes: 47.7% No: 25.0% Not sure: 27.3% |
| Sealing diversion records | Yes; sealed at successful completion and records are sealed when closed in JCMS | Yes: 59.1% No: 22.7% Not sure: 18.2% |

*responses included 44 juvenile diversion programs; representing 68 counties/tribe (91.9% response rate)

Community Team Level

- A community lead should be able to get roughly a 75% response, to ensure active participation on planning issues, your response rate was 75.0%.
- Mean score on Collective Impact is higher than in 2019 and higher than the state average in all areas
- The community team should be representative of the population of that community but should also include diversity. It might be beneficial to add diverse member to your team (especially because of the patterns of over and under representation.)
 - This pertains to gender as well as race/ethnicity.
- On the survey –no probation, law enforcement, attorneys, treatment providers, child welfare, or elected officials in your team—but perhaps they did not respond to the survey.
 - The number of people on the team the survey was sent to is small, so you may want to consider growing the team to include other system points.
- 1/3 of people who responded indicated they do not feel heard on the team.

Table 26.
Collective Impact Survey Response Rates ^P

| Year of survey | Holt/Boyd | | Nebraska | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-------|----------|-------|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 |
| Number of surveys sent | 11 | 8 | 1407 | 780 |
| Number of completed surveys | 6 | 6 | 221 | 345 |
| Response rate | 54.6% | 75.0% | 28.3% | 24.5% |

Table 27.
Collective Impact Survey Scores ^P

| Year of survey | Holt/Boyd | | Nebraska | |
|--------------------------|------------|------|------------|------|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 |
| | Mean Score | | Mean Score | |
| Common agenda | 5.17 | 6.17 | 5.29 | 5.69 |
| Mutually reinforcing | 4.75 | 5.83 | 5.37 | 5.50 |
| Shared measurement | 4.71 | 5.83 | 5.21 | 5.45 |
| Continuous communication | 4.94 | 5.83 | 5.49 | 5.55 |
| Backbone agency | 4.95 | 6.00 | 5.52 | 5.78 |

The five elements of Collective Impact are:

- **Common agenda:** Participants have a shared vision and common understanding of both the problem and potential solutions to that problem.
- **Mutually reinforcing activities:** Participant activities must be differentiated while still being coordinated through a mutually reinforcing plan of action.
- **Shared measurement:** Collecting data and measuring results consistently across all participants ensures efforts remain aligned and participants hold each other accountable.
- **Continuous communication:** Consistent and open communication is needed across stakeholders to build trust, assure mutual objectives, and create common motivation.
- **Backbone support:** Creating and managing Collective Impact often requires a separate organization(s) with staff and a specific set of skills to serve as the backbone for the entire initiative and to coordinate participating organizations ^q

Table 28.
Community Planning Team Diversity ^p

| | Holt/Boyd | | Nebraska | |
|---------------|-----------|-------|----------|-------|
| | N = 6 | (%) | N = 345 | (%) |
| Gender | | | | |
| Male | -- | -- | 101 | 29.3% |
| Female | 6 | 100% | 229 | 66.4% |
| Missing | -- | -- | 15 | 4.3% |
| | | | | |
| Age | | | | |
| Under 30 | -- | -- | 19 | 5.6% |
| 30-39 | 1 | 16.7% | 68 | 19.6% |
| 40-49 | 1 | 16.7% | 88 | 25.4% |
| 50-59 | 2 | 33.3% | 90 | 25.8% |

| | | | | |
|--|----|-------|-----|-------|
| 60 and over | 2 | 33.3% | 44 | 13% |
| Missing | -- | -- | 36 | 10.4% |
| Race/Ethnicity | | | | |
| White | 5 | 83.3% | 230 | 66.7% |
| Black | -- | -- | 10 | 2.9% |
| Hispanic | -- | -- | 13 | 3.8% |
| Native American | -- | -- | 6 | 1.7% |
| Asian | -- | -- | 1 | 0.3% |
| Other | -- | -- | 2 | 0.6% |
| Provided town name | 1 | 16.7% | 63 | 18.3% |
| Missing | -- | -- | 19 | 5.5% |
| Previous System Involvement | | | | |
| Yes | 2 | 33.3% | 98 | 28.4% |
| No | 4 | 66.7% | 242 | 70.1% |
| Missing | -- | -- | 5 | 1.4% |
| System Point * | | | | |
| Law enforcement | 1 | 11.1% | 34 | 7.8% |
| County attorney/ juvenile court | -- | -- | 32 | 7.3% |
| K-12 or secondary education | 2 | 22.2% | 65 | 14.9% |
| Ministry/faith based | -- | -- | 10 | 2.3% |
| Diversion | 2 | 22.2% | 55 | 12.6% |
| Probation | 2 | 22.2% | 31 | 7.1% |
| Public defender/ defense counsel/ guardian ad litem | -- | -- | 8 | 1.8% |
| DHHS or Child Welfare | -- | -- | 13 | 3.0% |

| | | | | |
|--------------------------------|----|-------|-----|-------|
| Treatment provider | -- | -- | 40 | 9.2% |
| Post adjudication or detention | -- | -- | 8 | 1.8% |
| Community based program | 2 | 22.2% | 109 | 25.0% |
| Elected official or government | -- | -- | 6 | 1.4% |
| Restorative practices | -- | -- | 6 | 1.4% |
| Backbone or system improvement | -- | -- | 3 | 0.7% |
| Other | -- | -- | 16 | 3.7% |
| | | | | |
| Voice on Team | | | | |
| Feel heard | 4 | 66.7% | 270 | 78.3% |
| Do not feel heard | 2 | 33.3% | 75 | 21.7% |

Boyd $n = 2$, Brown $n = 1$, Holt $n = 6$ (two people named more than one county they represent).

*note. Team members could have selected more than one system point; as such, they do not add up to 100%

References and Resources

^a **Population data:** Table B01001 race series, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on July 10, 2020

^a **Youth employment:** Table B23001, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on July 10, 2020

^a **Poverty/SES:** Table B10724, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 3-18-2020

^a **Technology in household:** Table B28005, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Compiled by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 8-11-20

^a **Home owner/transportation:** Table B25045, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 8-11-20

^a **Education attainment:** Table B15002, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 3-18-2020

^b **School membership, chronic absenteeism, student disability, and free/reduced lunch:** Prepared by Sara Simonsen, Nebraska Department of Education

^c **Graduation rates:** Special Tabulation by Sara Simonsen, Nebraska Department of Education

Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 7-24-2020

^d **Mental health, Substance use, gang, and community perceptions of substance use:** Bureau of Sociological Research, Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey:

<https://bosr.unl.edu/current-nrpfss-county-level-data>

^e **Referral to and utilization of services:** Department of Health and Human Services

^f **Adult and juvenile arrests:** Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics:

<https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx>

^g Diversion programs

^h **Domestic violence:** Nebraska Crime Commission, Domestic Assault:

https://ncc.nebraska.gov/sites/ncc.nebraska.gov/files/doc/2019%20Domestic%20Assault%20and%20Arrest%20by%20County_0.pdf

ⁱ Child abuse and neglect

^j **Community violence:** Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics:

<https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx>

^k **Distance to detention facility:** Google Maps

^l **Racial and ethnic disparities:** Prepared by Mitch Herian, University of Nebraska-Lincoln with data provided by:

Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics:

<https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx>

Nebraska Crime Commission, Juvenile Case Management System

Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE

Nebraska Judicial Branch, Juvenile Services Division

^m **Court Filings and Juvenile Record Sealing:** Data provided by the Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE. Prepared by: Lindsey Wylie, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute on 9-1-20

ⁿ **Access to Counsel:** Kids County in Nebraska Report, Voices for Children, retrieved from: www.voicesforchildren.com/kidscount. Data originally from Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE

^o **Diversion procedures and protocols:** Diversion survey distributed to Juvenile Diversion programs, 2020. Prepared by: Lindsey Wylie, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute

^p **Collective impact:** Collective impact surveys distributed to Community Planning Teams, 2019 and 2020. Prepared by: Anne Hobbs and Erin Wasserburger, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute

^q **Collective Impact Elements:** Kania, J., & Kramer, M. (2011). *Collective Impact*. *Stanford Social Innovation Review*.

Appendix: Sealed Court Records by Year

*Cases offered diversion, mediation or RJ are not available data points in in JUSTICE. All cases filed in adult court and transferred to juvenile court overlapped with cases that were filed in adult court as a misdemeanor or infraction; as such, they were omitted from analysis

| 2015 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | -- | -- | -- |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Juv. Court | 4 | 7 | 57.1 |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | 6 | 6 | 100.0% |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Total | 10 | 13 | 76.9% |

| 2016 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | 4 | 4 | 100.0% |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Juv. Court | 8 | 14 | 57.1% |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Total | 12 | 18 | 66.7% |

| 2017 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|-------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
|-------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|

| | | | |
|--|----|----|--------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | 7 | 7 | 100.0% |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Juv. Court | 8 | 8 | 100.0% |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | 0 | 3 | 0.0% |
| Total | 15 | 18 | 83.3% |

| 2018 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | -- | -- | -- |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Juv. Court | 0 | 1 | 0.0% |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | 1 | 1 | 100.0% |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Total | 1 | 2 | 50.0% |

| 2019 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|-------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
|-------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|

| | | | |
|--|----|----|----|
| Dismissed or Dropped | -- | -- | -- |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Total | -- | -- | -- |

Wheeler County

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Youth Level

Table 1.

Distribution of the Population Age 10-17 by Race/Ethnicity and Gender (5-year estimates, 2014-2018) ^a

Males

| Geographic Area Name | Total Count | Non-Hispanic White | Hispanic or Latino | Black | American Indian | Asian or Pacific Islander | 2+ Races |
|----------------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Nebraska | 108,494 | 70.4% | 16.2% | 5.7% | 1.4% | 2.0% | 4.4% |
| Wheeler | 40 | 100.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |

Females

| Geographic Area Name | Total Count | Non-Hispanic White | Hispanic or Latino | Black | American Indian | Asian or Pacific Islander | 2+ Races |
|----------------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Nebraska | 102,658 | 69.9% | 15.8% | 5.2% | 1.2% | 2.5% | 5.4% |
| Wheeler | 20 | 90.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 10.0% | 0.0% |

[Click here to go back to RED analysis](#)

Table 2.

School Membership by Race/ Ethnicity and School Year (2014-2019) ^b

| Year | Geographic Area | Total Count | Hispanic | Asian | American Indian or Alaska Native | Black or African American | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | White | Two or More Races |
|-----------|-----------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---|---------------|-------------------|
| 2014-2015 | WHEELER | 92 | 2.17% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 97.83% | 0.00% |
| | Nebraska | 312,281 | 17.74% | 2.43% | 1.42% | 6.70% | 0.13% | 68.20% | 3.38% |
| 2015-2016 | WHEELER | 93 | 2.15% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 97.85% | 0.00% |
| | Nebraska | 315,542 | 18.08% | 2.53% | 1.38% | 6.67% | 0.14% | 67.72% | 3.47% |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|----------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| 2016-2017 | WHEELER | 101 | 3.96% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 96.04% | 0.00% |
| | Nebraska | 318,853 | 18.61% | 2.66% | 1.38% | 6.69% | 0.15% | 66.92% | 3.59% |
| 2017-2018 | WHEELER | 112 | 4.46% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 95.54% | 0.00% |
| | Nebraska | 323,391 | 18.80% | 2.76% | 1.35% | 6.67% | 0.14% | 66.50% | 3.78% |
| 2018-2019 | WHEELER | 99 | 9.09% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 90.91% | 0.00% |
| | Nebraska | 325,984 | 19.13% | 2.83% | 1.33% | 6.63% | 0.15% | 66.02% | 3.91% |

Table 3.

Chronic Absenteeism by Race/Ethnicity and School Year (2014 - 2019)^b

| Year | Geographic Area | Total Youth with Chronic Absenteeism | Hispanic | Asian | American Indian or Alaska Native | Black or African American | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | White | Two or More Races |
|-----------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|----------|-------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---|--------|-------------------|
| 2014-2015 | WHEELER | 0 | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| | Nebraska | 35,638 | 24.54% | 1.64% | 4.42% | 12.93% | 0.19% | 51.61% | 4.68% |
| 2015-2016 | WHEELER | 0 | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| | Nebraska | 38,812 | 25.73% | 1.55% | 4.27% | 13.68% | 0.27% | 49.68% | 4.83% |
| 2016-2017 | WHEELER | 0 | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| | Nebraska | 42,290 | 26.90% | 1.66% | 4.40% | 14.22% | 0.24% | 47.66% | 4.92% |
| 2017-2018 | WHEELER | 0 | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| | Nebraska | 46,365 | 26.81% | 1.77% | 4.18% | 14.49% | 0.22% | 47.37% | 2389 |
| 2018-2019 | WHEELER | 0 | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| | Nebraska | 46,356 | 27.64% | 1.76% | 4.16% | 14.71% | 0.23% | 46.27% | 5.23% |

Per the Nebraska Department of Education, the * represents masked data, which they define as 10 or fewer students, for the confidentiality of the students

Table 4.

Disabilities, English Proficiency, Eligibility for Free/Reduced Lunch and School Year (2014 – 2019)^b

| Year | Geographic Area | Total Count | IDEA | 504 Plan | Limited English Proficiency | Free/Reduced Lunch |
|-----------|-----------------|-------------|---------------|----------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| 2014-2015 | WHEELER | 92 | * | * | * | 57.61% |
| | Nebraska | 312,281 | 13.66% | 0.76% | 5.97% | 44.53% |
| 2015-2016 | WHEELER | 93 | * | * | * | 43.01% |
| | Nebraska | 315,542 | 13.64% | 0.90% | 5.90% | 44.23% |
| 2016-2017 | WHEELER | 101 | * | * | * | 51.49% |
| | Nebraska | 318,853 | 13.80% | 0.93% | 6.99% | 44.76% |
| 2017-2018 | WHEELER | 112 | 17.86% | * | * | 51.79% |
| | Nebraska | 323,391 | 15.87% | 0.88% | 6.59% | 46.24% |
| 2018-2019 | WHEELER | 99 | 12.12% | * | * | 53.54% |
| | Nebraska | 325,984 | 16.13% | 0.85% | 6.78% | 45.42% |

Per the Nebraska Department of Education, the * represents masked data, which they define as 10 or fewer students, for the confidentiality of the students

Table 5.

Nebraska Public High School 4-Year Graduation Rates by County (5-year estimates, 2015-2019) ^c

| County | Total in Last 5 Years | | Yearly Averages | | Graduation Rate | Rank |
|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|
| | Graduates | Students | Graduates | Students | | |
| Nebraska | 100,111 | 112,857 | 20,022.2 | 22,571.4 | 88.7% | n/a |
| Wheeler | 34 | 35 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 97.1% | 13 |

Data are only for public school districts and their associated high schools. The figures are aggregated based on the location of the school, not the residential location of the student. The figures for Dawes County are impacted by a vocational school where graduation rates are less than 25%; in the rest of the county graduation rates equal 93%.

Table 6.

Youth Who Report Mental Health Symptoms and Substance Use by Grade (2018) ^d

| | | 8 th | 10 th | 12 th |
|----------------|------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| Wheeler | Loss of sleep from worry | - | - | - |
| Nebraska | | 18.0% | 20.6% | 21.6% |
| Wheeler | Depressed | - | - | - |
| Nebraska | | 31.1% | 34.8% | 35.3% |
| Wheeler | Considered/Attempted suicide | - | - | - |
| Nebraska | | 22.9% | 18.2% | 16.2% |
| Wheeler | Current alcohol | - | - | - |
| Nebraska | | 9.8% | 20.1% | 34.2% |
| Wheeler | Current binge drinking | - | - | - |

| | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Nebraska | | 1.3% | 6.2% | 15.0% |
| Wheeler | Current marijuana | - | - | - |
| Nebraska | | 3.0% | 7.3% | 13.9% |
| Wheeler | Current tobacco | - | - | - |
| Nebraska | | 3.7% | 8.0% | 15.3% |
| Wheeler | Current vaping | - | - | - |
| Nebraska | | 10.4% | 24.7% | 37.3% |
| Wheeler | Hopeful for future (past week) | - | - | - |
| Nebraska | | 78.0% | 76.1% | 77.6% |

*County did not participate in the Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey for 2018

****JJI is currently waiting for the legal team at DHHS to approve providing this data**

Table 7.

Juveniles Referred to Services ^e

Table 8.

Juveniles Referred to Services by Race/Ethnicity, Gender, and Mental Health Diagnosis ^e

Table 9.

Juveniles Who Utilized Services ^e

Table 10.

Types of Services Utilized ^e

Table 11.

Youth Who Report Gang Involvement by Grade (2018) ^d

| | | 8 th | 10 th | 12 th |
|----------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| WHEELER | Youth Reported Gang Involvement | - | - | - |
| Nebraska | | 3.8% | 4.4% | 3.8% |

*County did not participate in the Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey for 2018

Table 12.

Arrest Rates for Adults and Juveniles for 2018 and 2019 with Percent Change ^f

| Arrestee Age | All Arrestee Ages | Under 18 |
|--------------|-------------------|----------|
|--------------|-------------------|----------|

| Summary Arrest Date | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 - 2019 Growth % | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 - 2019 Growth % |
|--|----------------|------|----------------------|------|------|----------------------|
| Jurisdiction by Geography | WHEELER COUNTY | | | | | |
| Arrest Offense | | | | | | |
| Total | 1 | 1 | 0.00 | - | - | - |
| Rape Total | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Aggravated Assault Total | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Burglary Total | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Larceny-Theft Total | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Motor Vehicle Theft Total | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other Assaults | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Forgery and Counterfeiting | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Fraud | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Embezzlement | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stolen Property; Buying, Receiving, Possessing | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Vandalism | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc. | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sex Offenses (Except Rape and Prostitution) | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Drug Violations - Sale/Manufacturing | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Drug Violations – Possession | 1 | 1 | 0.00 | - | - | - |
| NIBRS Unable to Classify | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Offenses Against Family and Children | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Driving Under the Influence | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Liquor Laws | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Disorderly Conduct | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| All Other Offenses (Except Traffic) | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Table 13.

Risk Assessment Domains for Youth Assessed on Diversion (2015 - 2017) ^g

| Score | Wheeler | | | All NYS Counties | | |
|-------------------------------|---------|---|---|------------------|-------|-------|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Family Circumstance/Parenting | | | | 60.1% | 26.7% | 13.1% |
| Education/Employment | | | | 43.0% | 44.0% | 13.1% |
| Peer Relationships | | | | 44.7% | 46.6% | 8.6% |
| Substance Use | | | | 61.4% | 30.3% | 8.3% |
| Leisure/Recreation | | | | 50.6% | 33.0% | 16.5% |
| Personality/Behavior | | | | 50.1% | 39.4% | 10.4% |

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| OJS custody: placed in detention | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Youth booked into detention | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Youth booked into detention more than once | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |

Family Level

Table 15.

Poverty/SES, Educational Attainment, Technology and Computers in Home, Housing, and Transportation (5-year estimates, 2014-2018) ^a

| Measurement | | Wheeler | Nebraska |
|---|---|---------------|----------|
| Poverty/SES | Children <18 in Poverty | 16.7% | 14.8% |
| | Number of children 12-17 below 185% poverty | 16 | 43,814 |
| | Percent of children 12-17 below 185% poverty | 34.8% | 28.9% |
| Educational attainment | Age 25+ with B.D. | 17.3% | 31.3% |
| | County rank | 83 | - |
| | Age 25+ with some college, no degree | 30.1% | 23.0% |
| | County rank | 9 | - |
| | Age 25+ with HS degree | 95.2% | 91.1% |
| | County Rank | 14 | - |
| Technology and computers in the home | % under 18 with a computer at home | 100.0% | 96.9% |
| | County rank | 1 | - |
| | % under 18 with an internet subscription at home | 96.7% | 91.0% |
| | County rank | 9 | - |
| | % under 18 with broadband internet access at home | 96.7% | 90.8% |
| | County Rank | 8 | - |
| Housing | Owner-occupied households | 252 | 498,567 |

| | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|---------|
| | Total households | 357 | 754,063 |
| | Owner % | 70.6% | 66.1% |
| | Renters | 105 | 255,496 |
| | Renter % | 29.4% | 33.9% |
| Transportation | Households with no vehicle available | 5 | 40,465 |
| | Total households | 357 | 754,063 |
| | No vehicle % | 1.4% | 5.4% |

Table 16.
Youth Who Report Supportive Adults by Grade (2018) ^d

| | | 8th | 10th | 12th |
|----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Wheeler | Adult at home who listens | - | - | - |
| Nebraska | | 87.3% | 85.0% | 85.6% |
| Wheeler | Adult at school who listens | - | - | - |
| Nebraska | | 85.2% | 85.0% | 87.4% |

*County did not participate in the Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey for 2018

Table 17.
Domestic Violence Reports and Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means (2019) ^h

| | Aggravated Domestic Assaults Reported | Aggravated Domestic Assaults Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means | Simple Domestic Assaults Reported | Simple Domestic Assaults Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|
| Wheeler | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nebraska | 562 | 402 | 2512 | 2019 |

Table 18.
Child Abuse and Neglect Reports (2018) ⁱ

| | Abuse/Neglect Calls | Reports Assessed | Substantiated | Unfounded |
|----------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------|-------------|
| Wheeler | 2 | 50% | 0% | 100% |
| Nebraska | 36,480 | 33.4% | 16.0% | 68.3% |

Community Level

Table 19.

Community Violence Measured by Arrests for Violent Crime (2019) ^j

| Type of Violence | Wheeler | Nebraska |
|--------------------------------------|---------|----------|
| Murder and Nonnegligent manslaughter | | 34 |
| Rape | | 264 |
| Robbery | | 367 |
| Aggravated Assault | | 1,639 |
| Other Assaults | | 8,782 |

Table 20.

Youth Perceptions of Community Attitudes on Substance Use by Grade (2018) ^d

| | | 8 th | 10 th | 12 th |
|----------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| Wheeler | Wrong/very wrong – Marijuana | - | - | - |
| Nebraska | | 94.4% | 89.8% | 85.2% |
| Wheeler | Wrong/very wrong – alcohol | - | - | - |
| Nebraska | | 89.1% | 80.4% | 68.7% |
| Wheeler | Wrong/very wrong – cigarettes | - | - | - |
| Nebraska | | 92.9% | 89.0% | 78.7% |

*County did not participate in the Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey for 2018

Table 21.

Juvenile Court Record Sealing Analysis (2015 – 2019) ^m

see [Appendix for yearly data](#)

| | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | -- | -- | -- |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Total | -- | -- | -- |

*Cases offered diversion, mediation or RJ are not available data points in in JUSTICE. All cases filed in adult court and transferred to juvenile court overlapped with cases that were filed in adult court as a misdemeanor or infraction; as such, they were omitted from analysis

Policy, Legal and System Level

Table 22.

Percent of Youth in Juvenile Court Who Had Access to Counsel (2018) ⁿ

| | Wheeler | Nebraska |
|-------------------|---------|----------|
| Access to Counsel | N/A | 73.5% |

Neb. Rev. 43-272. Right to counsel; appointment; payment; guardian ad litem; appointment; when; duties; standards for guardians ad litem; standards for attorneys who practice in juvenile court.

(1)(a) In counties having a population of less than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, when any juvenile shall be brought without counsel before a juvenile court, the court shall advise such juvenile and his or her parent or guardian of their right to retain counsel and shall inquire of such juvenile and his or her parent or guardian as to whether they desire to retain counsel.

(b) In counties having a population of one hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants, when any juvenile court petition is filed alleging jurisdiction of a juvenile pursuant to subdivision (1), (2), (3)(b), or (4) of section 43-247, counsel shall be appointed for such juvenile.

Table 23.

Frequency of Youth with a Curfew Violation (2015 – 2019) ^m

| | Wheeler | Nebraska |
|---------------------|---------|----------|
| Curfew Court Filing | 0 | 352 |

Table 24.

Court Filing for 3A, 3B, and 3C cases (2015 – 2019) ^m

| Filed Subtype | Wheeler | | | | | Total |
|---------------------------------|---------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | |
| 3A - Homeless/Neglect | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3B – Absenteeism/Truancy | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3B - Uncontrollable | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3C – Mentally Ill and Dangerous | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| | Nebraska |
|--|----------|
| | |

| Filed Subtype | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | Total |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| 3A- Homeless/Neglect | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 7 |
| 3B – Absenteeism/Truancy | 96 | 510 | 493 | 423 | 475 | 1997 |
| 3B - Uncontrollable | 47 | 118 | 125 | 119 | 82 | 491 |
| 3C – Mentally Ill and Dangerous | 22 | 48 | 37 | 22 | 23 | 306 |

Table 25.

County Diversion Procedures and Protocols Compared to Statewide Responses (2020) °

| | Wheeler | Nebraska * |
|--|----------------|---|
| Refer ALL juveniles who are first time offenders to diversion | - | Yes: 27.3% No: 63.6% Not sure: 9.1% |
| File a juvenile's charges at the time of the referral to diversion | - | Yes: 18.2% No: 70.5% Not sure: 11.4% |
| File a juvenile's charges if they are unsuccessful on diversion | - | Always: 47.7% Sometimes: 47.7% Not sure: 4.5% |
| Allow a juvenile to complete diversion more than once | - | Yes: 61.4% No: 34.1% Not sure: 4.5% |
| Charges/offenses that make a juvenile ineligible for diversion | - | Yes: 86.4% No: 9.1% Not sure: 4.5% |
| Warning letters instead of intervention | - | Yes: 27.3% No: 61.4% Not sure: 11.4% |
| Currently drug test | - | Yes: 31.8% No: 65.9% Not sure: 2.3% |
| Fees beyond restitution | - | Yes: 86.4% No: 13.6% Not sure: 0.0% |
| Use of graduated responses prior to discharge | - | Yes: 47.7% No: 25.0% Not sure: 27.3% |
| Sealing diversion records | - | Yes: 59.1% No: 22.7% Not sure: 18.2% |

*responses included 44 juvenile diversion programs; representing 68 counties/tribe (91.9% response rate)

Community Team Level

Table 26.
Collective Impact Survey Response Rates ^P

| | Wheeler | | Nebraska | |
|-----------------------------|---------|------|----------|-------|
| Year of survey | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 |
| Number of surveys sent | -- | -- | 1407 | 780 |
| Number of completed surveys | -- | -- | 221 | 345 |
| Response rate | -- | -- | 28.3% | 24.5% |

Table 27.
Collective Impact Survey Scores ^P

| | Wheeler | | Nebraska | |
|--------------------------|------------|------|------------|------|
| Year of survey | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 |
| | Mean Score | | Mean Score | |
| Common agenda | -- | -- | 5.29 | 5.69 |
| Mutually reinforcing | -- | -- | 5.37 | 5.50 |
| Shared measurement | -- | -- | 5.21 | 5.45 |
| Continuous communication | -- | -- | 5.49 | 5.55 |
| Backbone agency | -- | -- | 5.52 | 5.78 |

The five elements of Collective Impact are:

- **Common agenda:** Participants have a shared vision and common understanding of both the problem and potential solutions to that problem.
- **Mutually reinforcing activities:** Participant activities must be differentiated while still being coordinated through a mutually reinforcing plan of action.
- **Shared measurement:** Collecting data and measuring results consistently across all participants ensures efforts remain aligned and participants hold each other accountable.
- **Continuous communication:** Consistent and open communication is needed across stakeholders to build trust, assure mutual objectives, and create common motivation.
- **Backbone support:** Creating and managing Collective Impact often requires a separate organization(s) with staff and a specific set of skills to serve as the backbone for the entire initiative and to coordinate participating organizations ^q

Table 28.

Community Planning Team Diversity ^P

| | Wheeler | | Nebraska | |
|--|---------|----|----------|-------|
| | -- | -- | N = 345 | (%) |
| Gender | | | | |
| Male | -- | -- | 101 | 29.3% |
| Female | -- | -- | 229 | 66.4% |
| Missing | -- | -- | 15 | 4.3% |
| | | | | |
| Age | | | | |
| Under 30 | -- | -- | 19 | 5.6% |
| 30-39 | -- | -- | 68 | 19.6% |
| 40-49 | -- | -- | 88 | 25.4% |
| 50-59 | -- | -- | 90 | 25.8% |
| 60 and over | -- | -- | 44 | 13% |
| Missing | -- | -- | 36 | 10.4% |
| | | | | |
| Race/Ethnicity | | | | |
| White | -- | -- | 230 | 66.7% |
| Black | -- | -- | 10 | 2.9% |
| Hispanic | -- | -- | 13 | 3.8% |
| Native American | -- | -- | 6 | 1.7% |
| Asian | -- | -- | 1 | 0.3% |
| Other | -- | -- | 2 | 0.6% |
| Provided town name | -- | -- | 63 | 18.3% |
| Missing | -- | -- | 19 | 5.5% |
| | | | | |
| Previous System Involvement | | | | |
| Yes | -- | -- | 98 | 28.4% |
| No | -- | -- | 242 | 70.1% |
| Missing | -- | -- | 5 | 1.4% |
| | | | | |
| System Point * | | | | |
| Law enforcement | -- | -- | 34 | 7.8% |
| County attorney/ juvenile court | -- | -- | 32 | 7.3% |
| K-12 or secondary education | -- | -- | 65 | 14.9% |
| Ministry/faith based | -- | -- | 10 | 2.3% |
| Diversion | -- | -- | 55 | 12.6% |
| Probation | -- | -- | 31 | 7.1% |
| Public defender/ defense counsel/ guardian ad litem | -- | -- | 8 | 1.8% |
| DHHS or Child Welfare | -- | -- | 13 | 3.0% |
| Treatment provider | -- | -- | 40 | 9.2% |
| Post adjudication or detention | -- | -- | 8 | 1.8% |
| Community based program | -- | -- | 109 | 25.0% |
| Elected official or government | -- | -- | 6 | 1.4% |
| Restorative practices | -- | -- | 6 | 1.4% |
| Backbone or system improvement | -- | -- | 3 | 0.7% |

| | | | | |
|----------------------|----|----|-----|-------|
| Other | | | 16 | 3.7% |
| | | | | |
| Voice on Team | | | | |
| Feel heard | -- | -- | 270 | 78.3% |
| Do not feel heard | -- | -- | 75 | 21.7% |

References and Resources

^a **Population data:** Table B01001 race series, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on July 10, 2020

^a **Youth employment:** Table B23001, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on July 10, 2020

^a **Poverty/SES:** Table B10724, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 3-18-2020

^a **Technology in household:** Table B28005, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Compiled by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 8-11-20

^a **Home owner/transportation:** Table B25045, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 8-11-20

^a **Education attainment:** Table B15002, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 3-18-2020

^b **School membership, chronic absenteeism, student disability, and free/reduced lunch:** Prepared by Sara Simonsen, Nebraska Department of Education

^c **Graduation rates:** Special Tabulation by Sara Simonsen, Nebraska Department of Education

Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 7-24-2020

^d **Mental health, Substance use, gang, and community perceptions of substance use:** Bureau of Sociological Research, Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey:

<https://bosr.unl.edu/current-nrpfss-county-level-data>

^e **Referral to and utilization of services:** Department of Health and Human Services

^f **Adult and juvenile arrests:** Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics:

<https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx>

^g Diversion programs

^h **Domestic violence:** Nebraska Crime Commission, Domestic Assault:
https://ncc.nebraska.gov/sites/ncc.nebraska.gov/files/doc/2019%20Domestic%20Assault%20and%20Arrest%20by%20County_0.pdf

^l Child abuse and neglect

^j **Community violence:** Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics:
<https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx>

^k **Distance to detention facility:** Google Maps

^l **Racial and ethnic disparities:** Prepared by Mitch Herian, University of Nebraska-Lincoln with data provided by:

Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics:

<https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx>

[Nebraska Crime Commission, Juvenile Case Management System](#)

Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE

Nebraska Judicial Branch, Juvenile Services Division

^m **Court Filings and Juvenile Record Sealing:** Data provided by the Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE. Prepared by: Lindsey Wylie, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute on 9-1-20

ⁿ **Access to Counsel:** Kids County in Nebraska Report, Voices for Children, retrieved from: [Kids Count Nebraska Full-Book-Final-3-4 \(2018\).pdf](#). Data originally from Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE

^o **Diversion procedures and protocols:** Diversion survey distributed to Juvenile Diversion programs, 2020. Prepared by: Lindsey Wylie, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute

^p **Collective impact:** Collective impact surveys distributed to Community Planning Teams, 2019 and 2020. Prepared by: Anne Hobbs and Erin Wasserburger, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute

^q **Collective Impact Elements:** Kania, J., & Kramer, M. (2011). Collective Impact. *Stanford Social Innovation Review*.

Appendix: Sealed Court Records by Year

*Cases offered diversion, mediation or RJ are not available data points in in JUSTICE. All cases filed in adult court and transferred to juvenile court overlapped with cases that were filed in adult court as a misdemeanor or infraction; as such, they were omitted from analysis

| 2015 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | -- | -- | -- |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Total | -- | -- | -- |

| 2016 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | -- | -- | -- |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Total | -- | -- | -- |

| 2017 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | -- | -- | -- |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Total | -- | -- | -- |

| 2018 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | -- | -- | -- |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Total | -- | -- | -- |

| 2019 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | -- | -- | -- |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | -- | -- | -- |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | -- | -- | -- |
| Total | -- | -- | -- |

**MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING
REGARDING JUVENILE SERVICES
Comprehensive Community Plan**

The North Central Nebraska Juvenile Services is serving as the lead organization in the assessment and distribution of the Juvenile Services Community Based Grant funding from the Nebraska Crime Commission. It is the desire of the following counties: Holt County, Boyd County, and Brown County to continue this arrangement for the community plan requested for 2021-2025.

On January 26th, 2021, the original county/counties Holt County, Boyd County, and Brown County agreed that Holt County should be the lead county in this funding effort to work with juveniles from ages 12-18 who are already in the juvenile justice system. The present Comprehensive County Juvenile Services Plan has been updated with input from the Juvenile Justice Institute, as well as representatives from each of the three counties for 2021-2025. All three counties data are being used in updating the new plan.

Cathy Pavel will serve as the fiscal agent. As such, she will handle all financial transactions including income and expenses. Trisha Ruzek, Project Director, will oversee the grant requests, finalizing reporting, and making contact with County Boards in each of the three counties, and Kelli Munoz will serve as Project Administrator, and representative of the backbone agency.

All quarterly reports are submitted to the Nebraska Crime Commission and reviewed Project Director. An audit of all reports is conducted annually.

This memorandum of understanding is to be signed by Holt County as the lead county. All other counties sign yearly as part of the application for funding process that is submitted to the CrimeCommission.

| | | |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| <u>Welling Tietz</u> County Board Chair | <u>Holt</u> County | <u>1/27/2021</u> Date |
| <u>Trisha Ruzek</u> Witness | | <u>1-27-2021</u> Date |

Community Plan Approval

Our Community Plan was sent out via email on January 24, 2021 to all eight of our team members. They were asked to read and review the finalized plan and respond via email if they approved the plan. By February 1st, 2021, all eight team members responded and approved the plan. I have asked Tara Price and Kelli Munoz to sign and date this document of approval.

Tara Price 1-28-2021
Tara Price Date

Kelli Munoz 1-29-2021
Kelli Munoz Date

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING
REGARDING JUVENILE SERVICES
Comprehensive Community Plan

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On February 3rd, 2022, the original county/counties Holt County, Boyd County, Brown, and Wheeler County agreed that Holt County should be the lead county in this funding effort to work with juveniles from ages 12-18 who are already in the juvenile justice system. The present Comprehensive County Juvenile Services Plan has been updated with input from the Juvenile Justice Institute, as well as representatives from each of the three counties for 2021-2025. All three counties data are being used in updating the new plan.

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 _____
County Attorney WHEELER County 2/3/22 Date

 _____
Witness 2-3-22 Date

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING
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Comprehensive Community Plan

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All quarterly reports are submitted to the Nebraska Crime Commission and reviewed Project Director. An audit of all reports is conducted annually.

This memorandum of understanding is to be signed by Holt County as the lead county. All other counties sign yearly as part of the application for funding process that is submitted to the Crime Commission.

Gonald Bernt Boyd 2-26-21
County Board Chair County Date

Trisha Ruzek 2.26.21
Witness Date

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING
REGARDING JUVENILE SERVICES
Comprehensive Community Plan

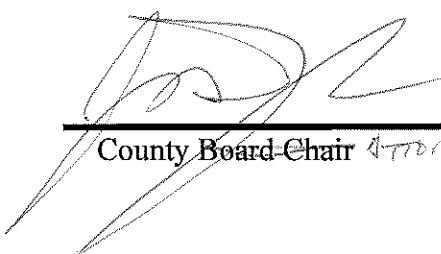

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| | | |
|---|--------|-----------|
|  | BROWN | 2/22/2021 |
| County Board Chair <i>ATTORNEY</i> | County | Date |
| <hr/> | | |
|  | | 2-22-2021 |
| Witness | | Date |